

# Webinar



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*Catherine PLAISANT*

PhD University of Maryland, USA

**Analyse visuelle de patterns temporels dans les données des patients**

avril 2018



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# Analyse Visuelle de Patterns Temporels dans les Données Patient

Catherine Plaisant



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Webinaire Marseille ~ April 6, 2018



Human-Computer Interaction Lab

**Interdisciplinary Research Community**

Computer Science

Information Studies

Psychology, Engineering, Business, Education, etc.

[www.cs.umd.edu/hcil](http://www.cs.umd.edu/hcil)

# Designing the User Interface: Strategies for Effective Human-Computer Interaction, 6th Edition

Ben Shneiderman, University of Maryland

Catherine Plaisant, University of Maryland

Maxine Cohen, Nova Southeastern University

Steven Jacobs, Northern Arizona University

Niklas Elmqvist, University of Maryland

Nicholas Diakopoulos, University of Maryland

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SHNEIDERMAN • PLAISANT • COHEN • JACOBS • ELMQVIST



SIXTH EDITION

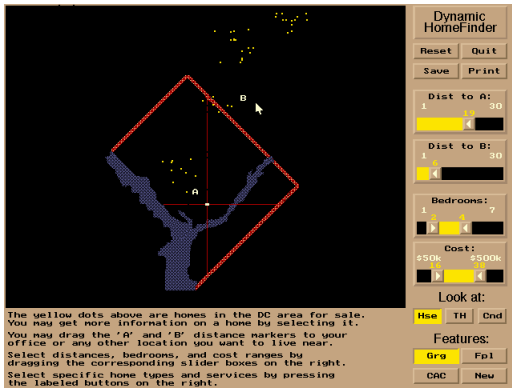
**DESIGNING THE USER INTERFACE**  
STRATEGIES FOR EFFECTIVE  
HUMAN-COMPUTER INTERACTION



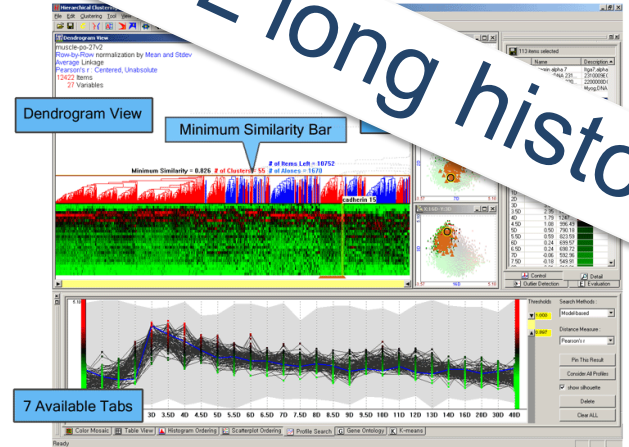
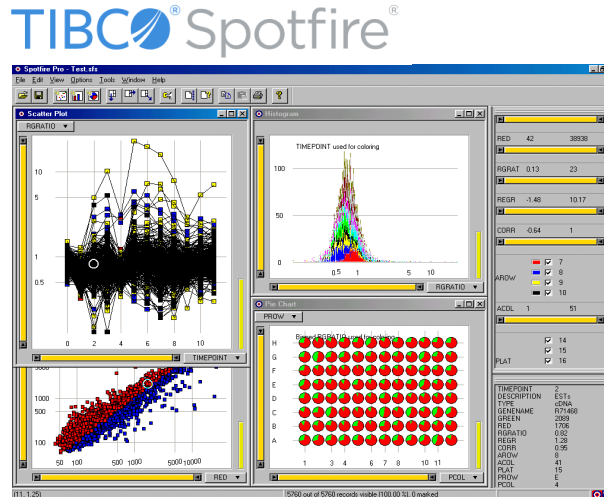


# Information visualization

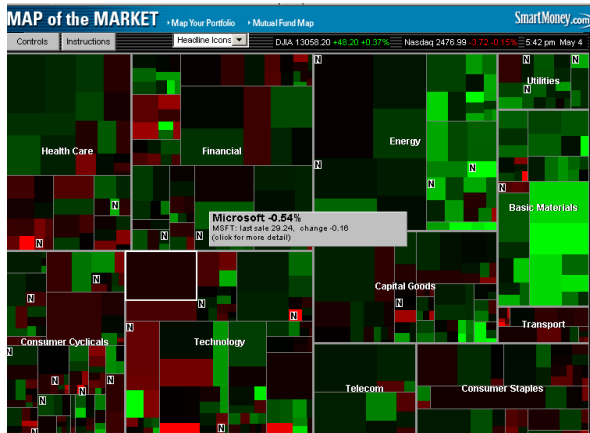
HCIL long history



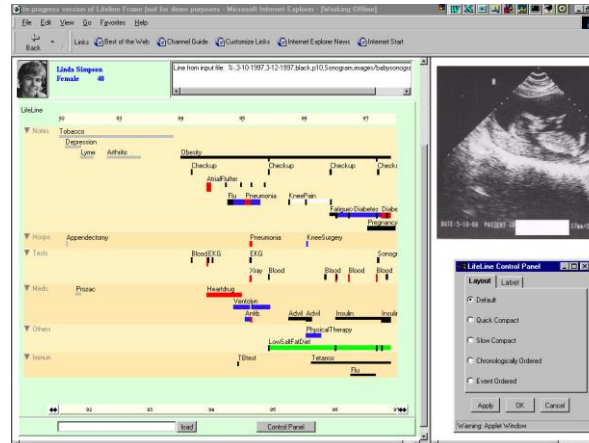
Home Finder and Filmfinder prototypes lead to SpotFire



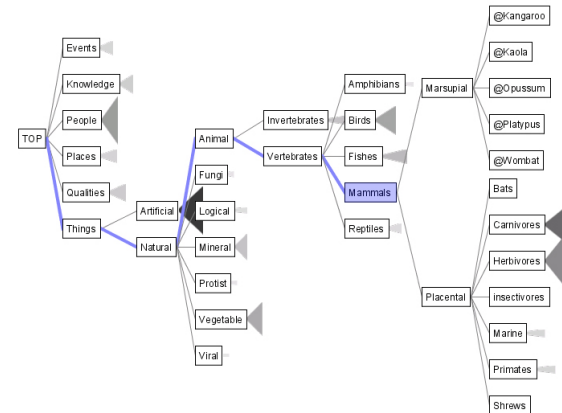
Hierarchical Clustering Explorer HCE



Treemap



Lifelines



SpaceTree

# ANSCOMBE'S QUARTET

1		2		3		4	
x	y	x	y	x	y	x	y
10.0	8.04	10.0	9.14	10.0	7.46	8.0	6.58
8.0	6.95	8.0	8.14	8.0	6.77	8.0	5.76
13.0	7.58	13.0	8.74	13.0	12.74	8.0	7.71
9.0	8.81	9.0	8.77	9.0	7.11	8.0	8.84
11.0	8.33	11.0	9.26	11.0	7.81	8.0	8.47
14.0	9.96	14.0	8.10	14.0	8.84	8.0	7.04
6.0	7.24	6.0	6.13	6.0	6.08	8.0	5.25
4.0	4.26	4.0	3.10	4.0	5.39	19.0	12.50
12.0	10.84	12.0	9.13	12.0	8.15	8.0	5.56
7.0	4.82	7.0	7.26	7.0	6.42	8.0	7.91
5.0	5.68	5.0	4.74	5.0	5.73	8.0	6.89

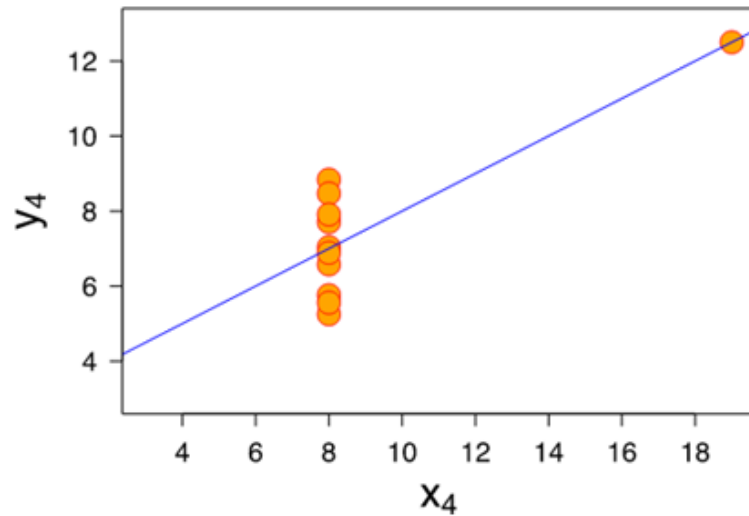
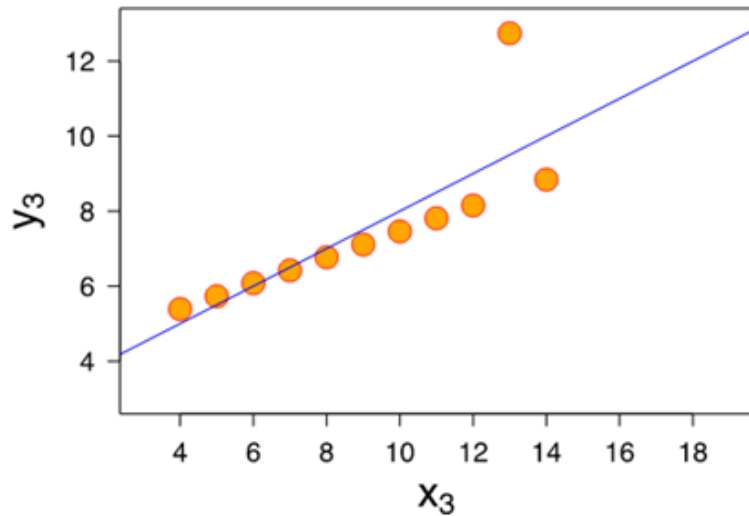
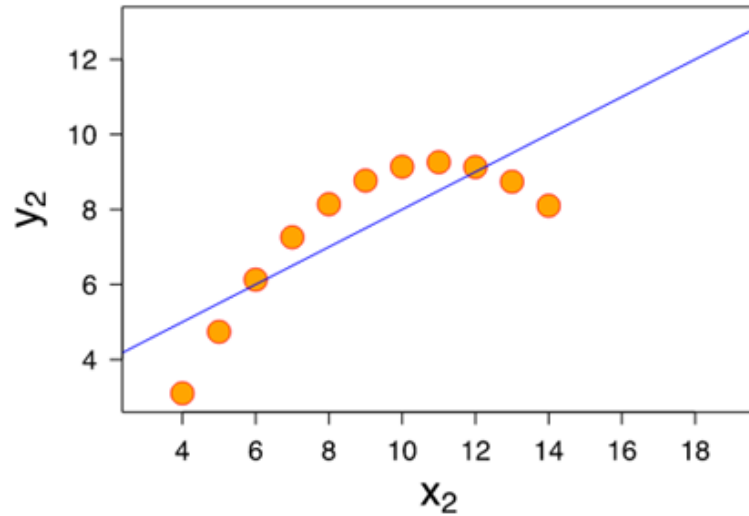
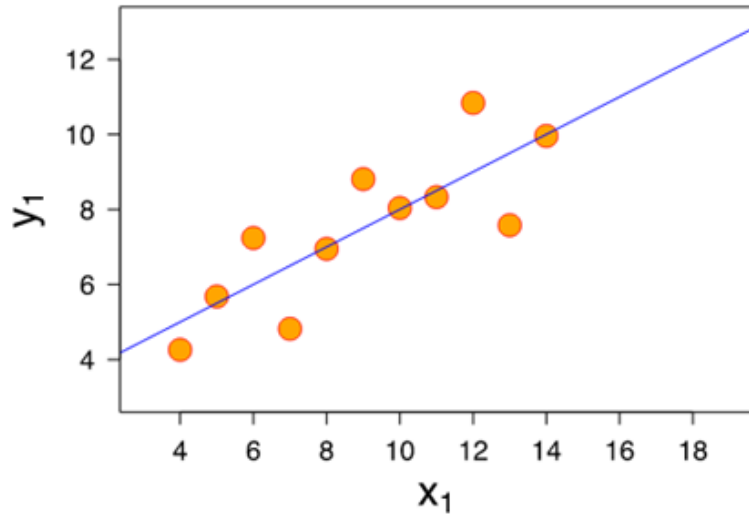
# ANSCOMBE'S QUARTET

1		2		3		4	
x	y	x	y	x	y	x	y
10.0	8.04	10.0	9.14	10.0	7.46	8.0	6.58
8.0	6.95	8.0	8.14	8.0	6.77	8.0	5.76
13.0	7.58	13.0	8.74	13.0	12.74	8.0	7.71
9.0	8.81	9.0	8.77	9.0	7.11	8.0	8.84
11.0	8.33	11.0	9.26	11.0	7.81	8.0	8.47
14.0	9.96	14.0	8.10	14.0	8.84	8.0	7.04
6.0	7.24	6.0	6.13	6.0	6.08	8.0	5.25
4.0	4.26	4.0	3.10	4.0	5.39	19.0	12.50
12.0	10.84	12.0	9.13	12.0	8.15	8.0	5.56
7.0	4.82	7.0	7.26	7.0	6.42	8.0	7.91
5.0	5.68	5.0	4.74	5.0	5.73	8.0	6.89

For ALL 4 datasets

Property	Value
Mean of x	9.0
Variance of x	11.0
Mean of y	7.5
Variance of y	4.12
Correlation	0.816
Linear regression	$y = 3 + 0.5x$

# ANSCOMBE'S QUARTET



# INFORMATION VISUALIZATION

Interactive

Compact graphical presentation and  
user interface

for manipulating large numbers of items ( $10^2 - 10^{6+}$ )

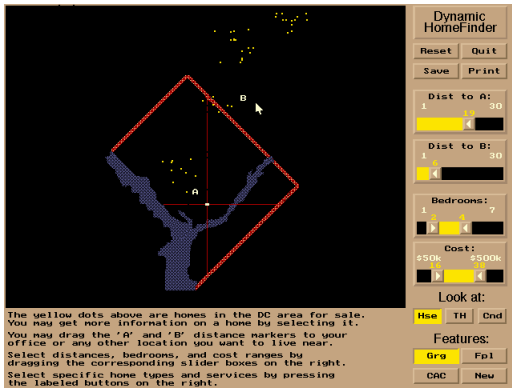
Enables users to make  
discoveries, decisions, or explanations  
about patterns or groups of items

- **Visual bandwidth is enormous**  
Human perceptual skills are remarkable

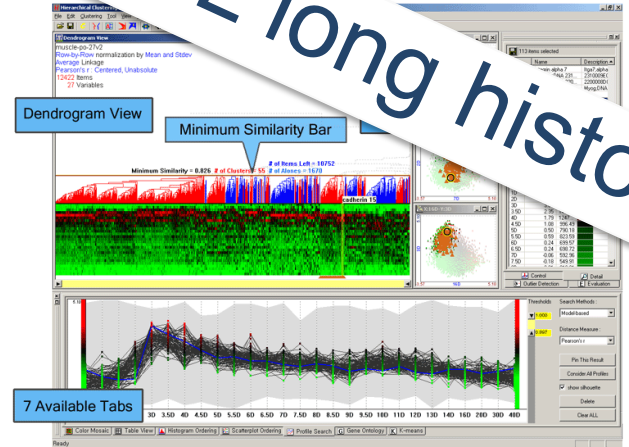
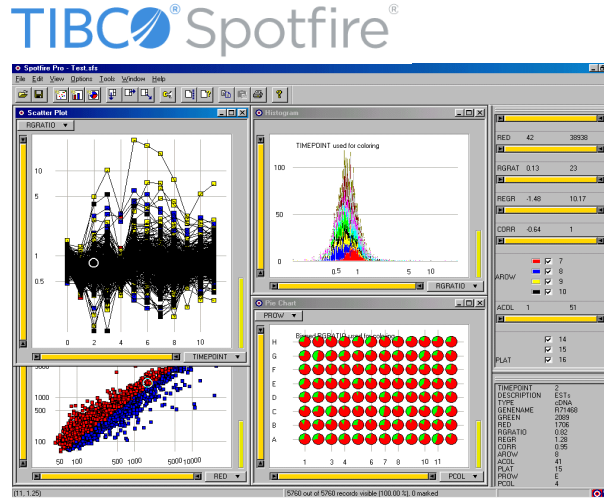


# Information visualization

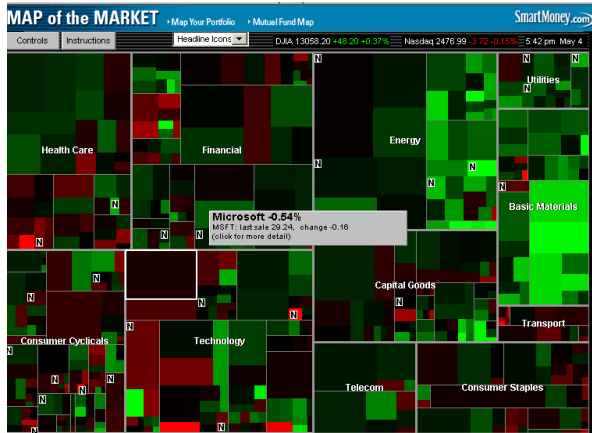
HCIL long history



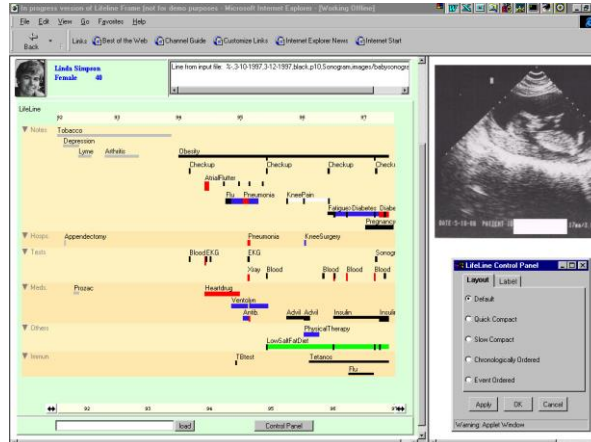
Home Finder and Filmfinder prototypes lead to SpotFire



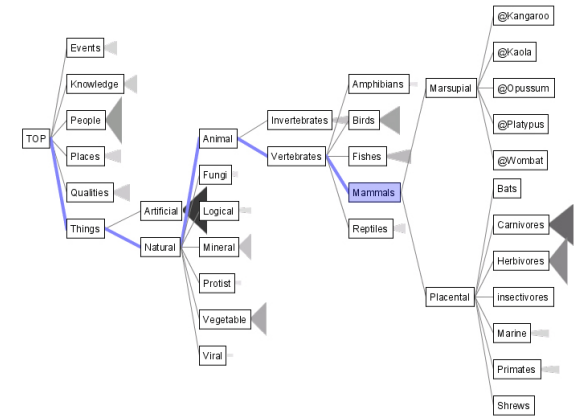
Hierarchical Clustering Explorer HCE



Treemap



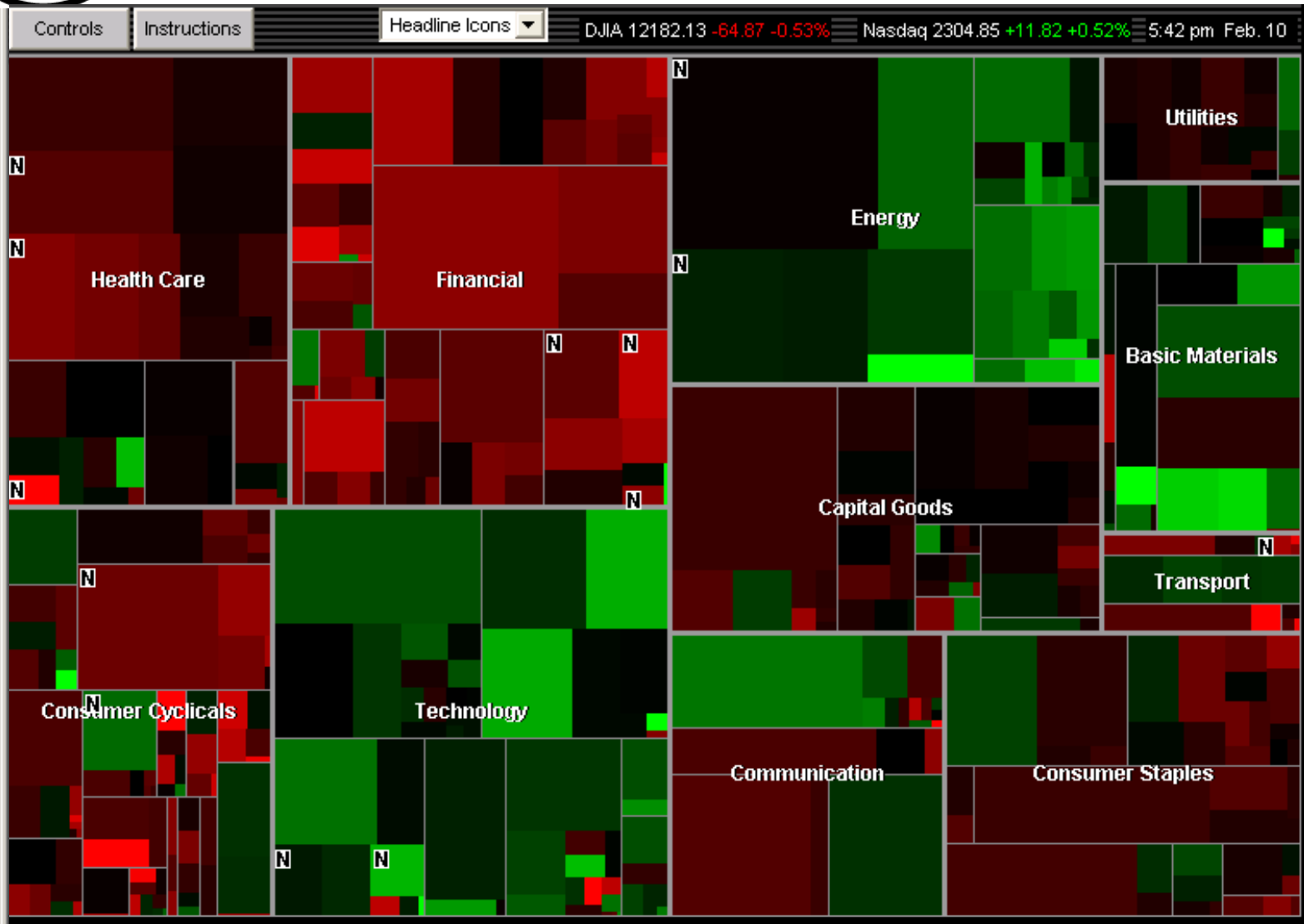
Lifelines



SpaceTree



# Treemap





Single Explore Compare ▾

**Settings** Use advanced settings

**Display** Cause Risk

**Measure** Deaths YLDs DALYs

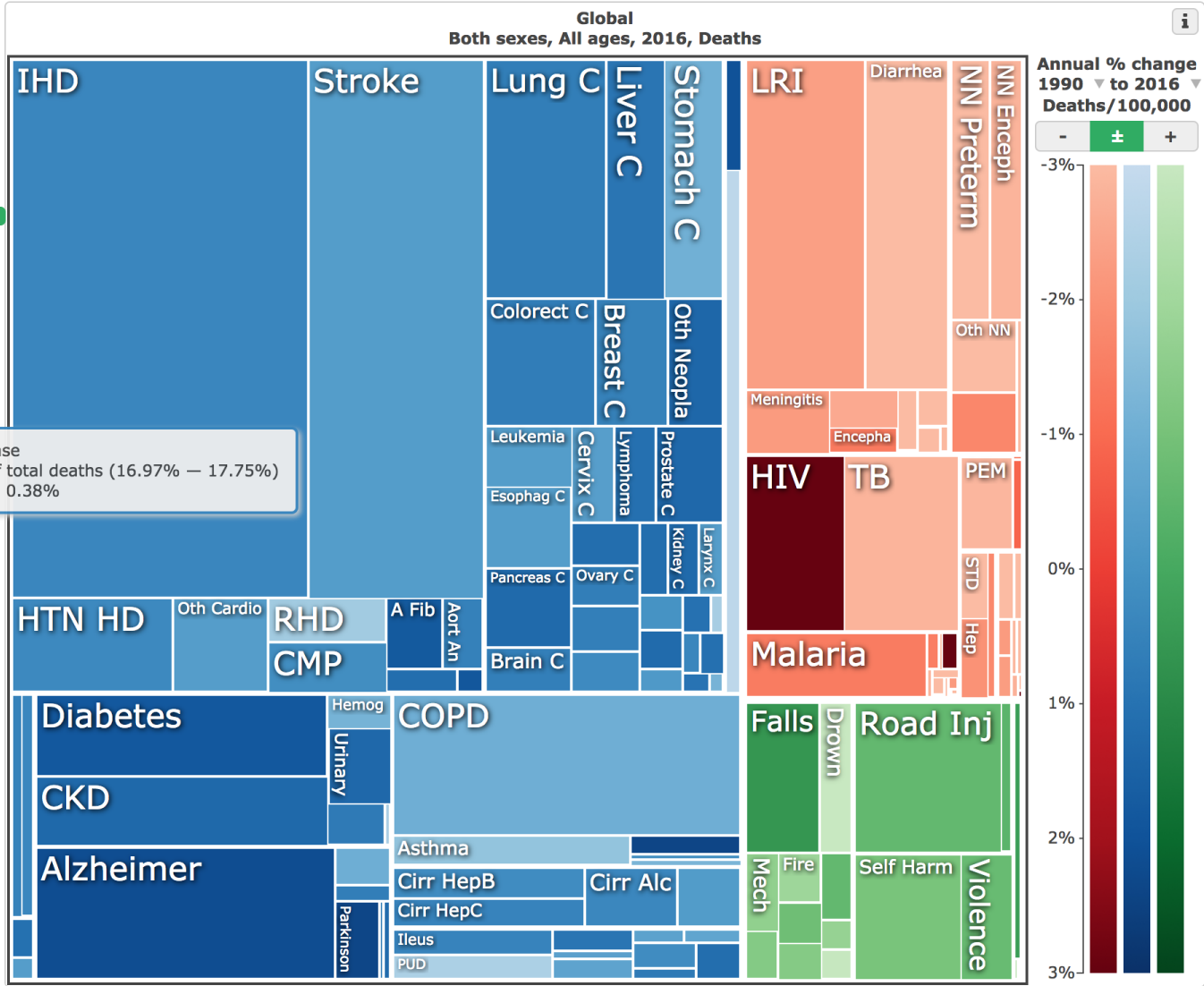
**Location** Global

**Year** 2016

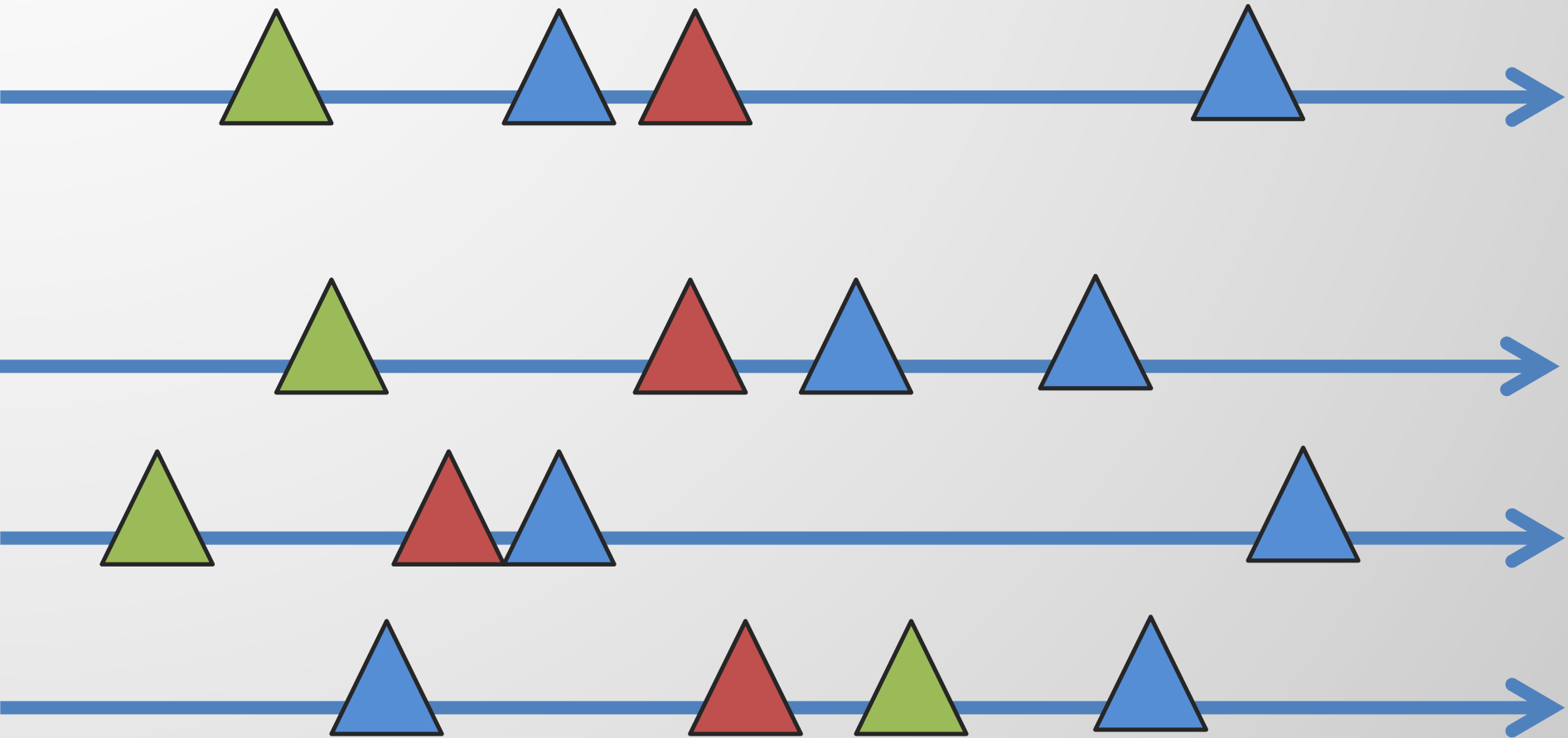
**Age** All <5 5-14  
15-49 50-69 70+

**Sex** Male Female Both

Take tour ▶



# Event Analytics



# Numerical

Patient ID: 12345

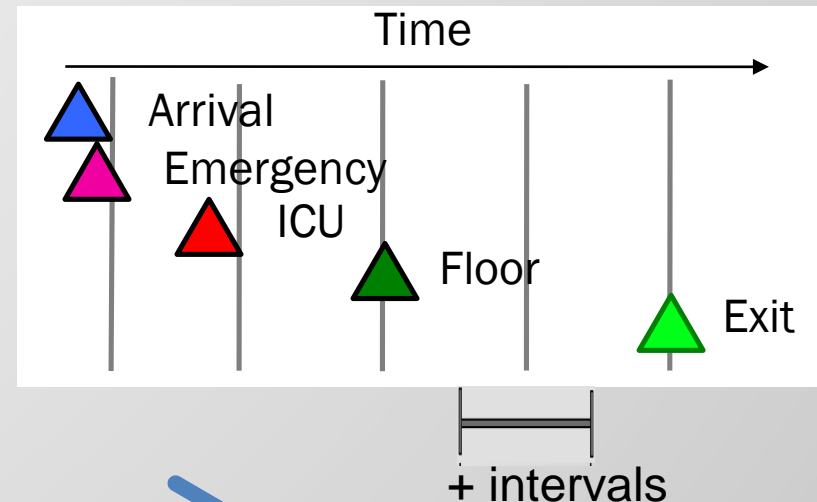
04/26/2010 10:00	31.03
04/26/2010 10:15	31.01
04/26/2010 10:30	31.02
04/26/2010 10:45	31.08
04/26/2010 11:00	31.16



# Categorical

Patient ID: 45851737

12/02/2008 14:26	Arrival
12/02/2008 14:36	Emergency
12/02/2008 22:44	ICU
12/05/2008 05:07	Floor
12/14/2008 06:19	Exit



e.g. High/Normal/Low

# Many application domains




**Electronic Health Records:** symptoms, treatment, lab test

**Student records:** course, paper, proposal, defense, etc.

**Web logs,** usability logs, security etc.

**Traffic incident logs:** confirmed, unit arrived, lane closed etc.

# HCIL Prototype evolution



Tool	Event Types	Records	Display
LifeLines	Points, Intervals	One	Individual
LifeLines2	Points	Many	Individual, Summary
Similan	Points	Many	Individual
LifeFlow	Points	Many	Individual, Aggregate
EventFlow	Points, Intervals	Many	Individual, Aggregate

ORACLE



[www.cs.umd.edu/hcil/toolname](http://www.cs.umd.edu/hcil/toolname)

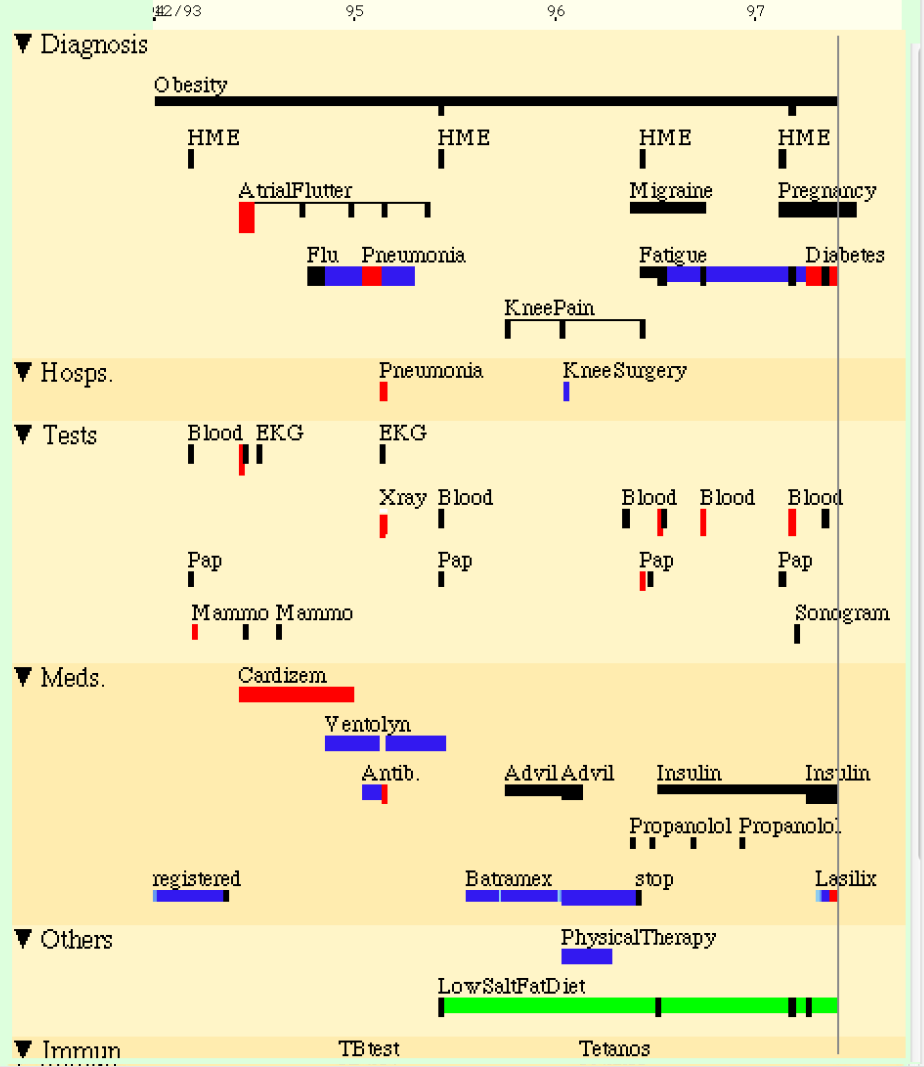


Linda Simpson  
Female 40  
[more info](#)

DATE : 2-14-1995 TO :2-15-1995 LINECOLOR :  
EKG images/ecgnormal.gif

LifeLines

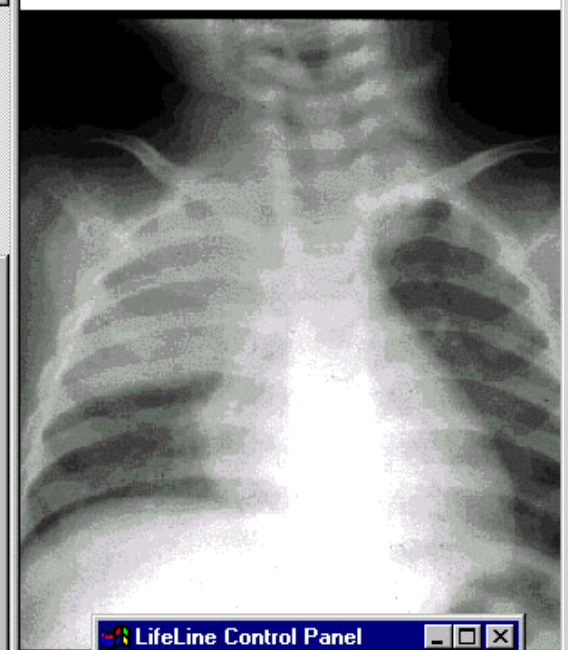
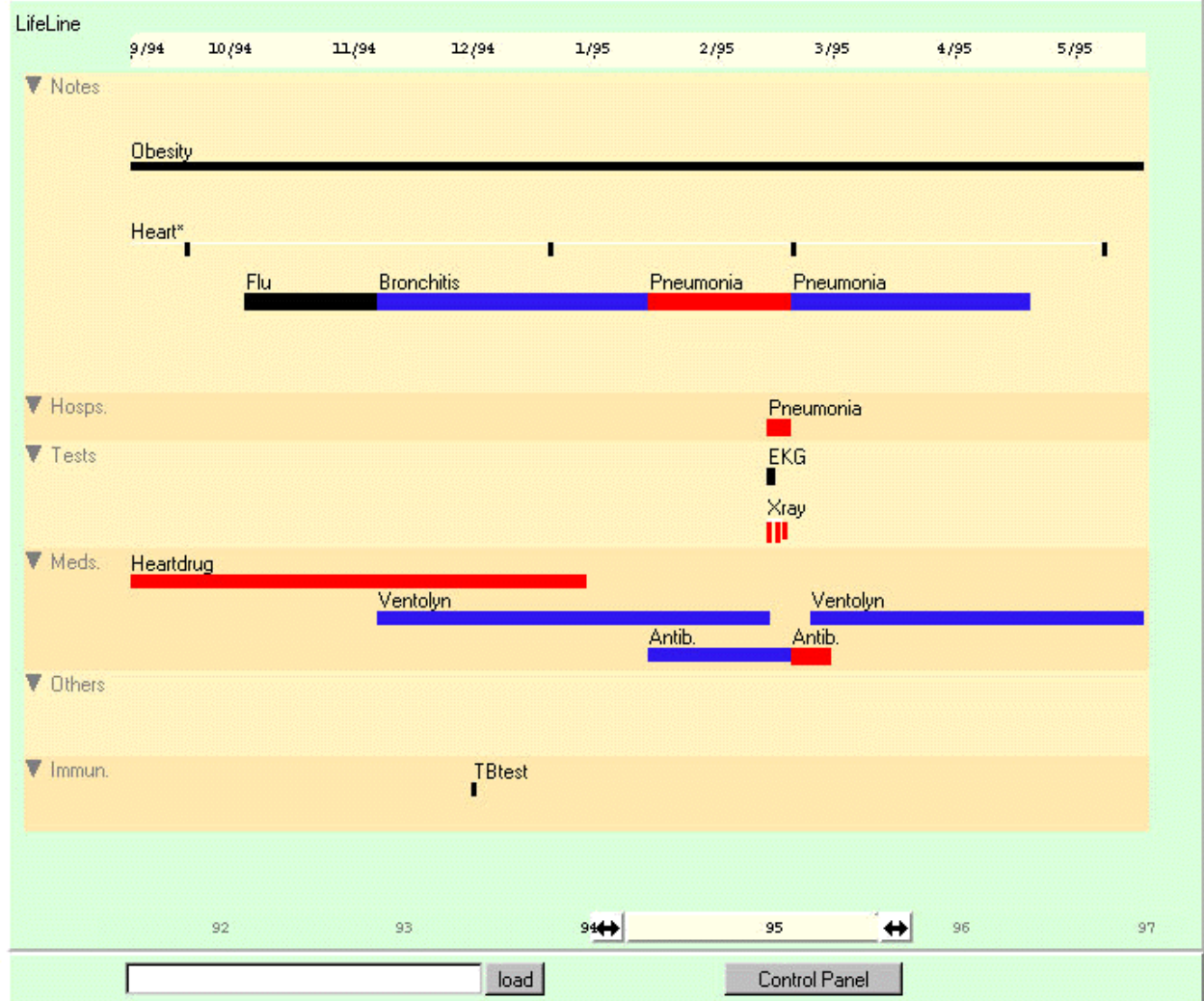
HCIL copyright 1994-98 University of Maryland





Linda Simpson  
Female 40

Line from input file: %-,2-14-1995,2-14-1995\_severe,p12, \_images/pneumonia.gif,"nid"



**Lifeline Control Panel**

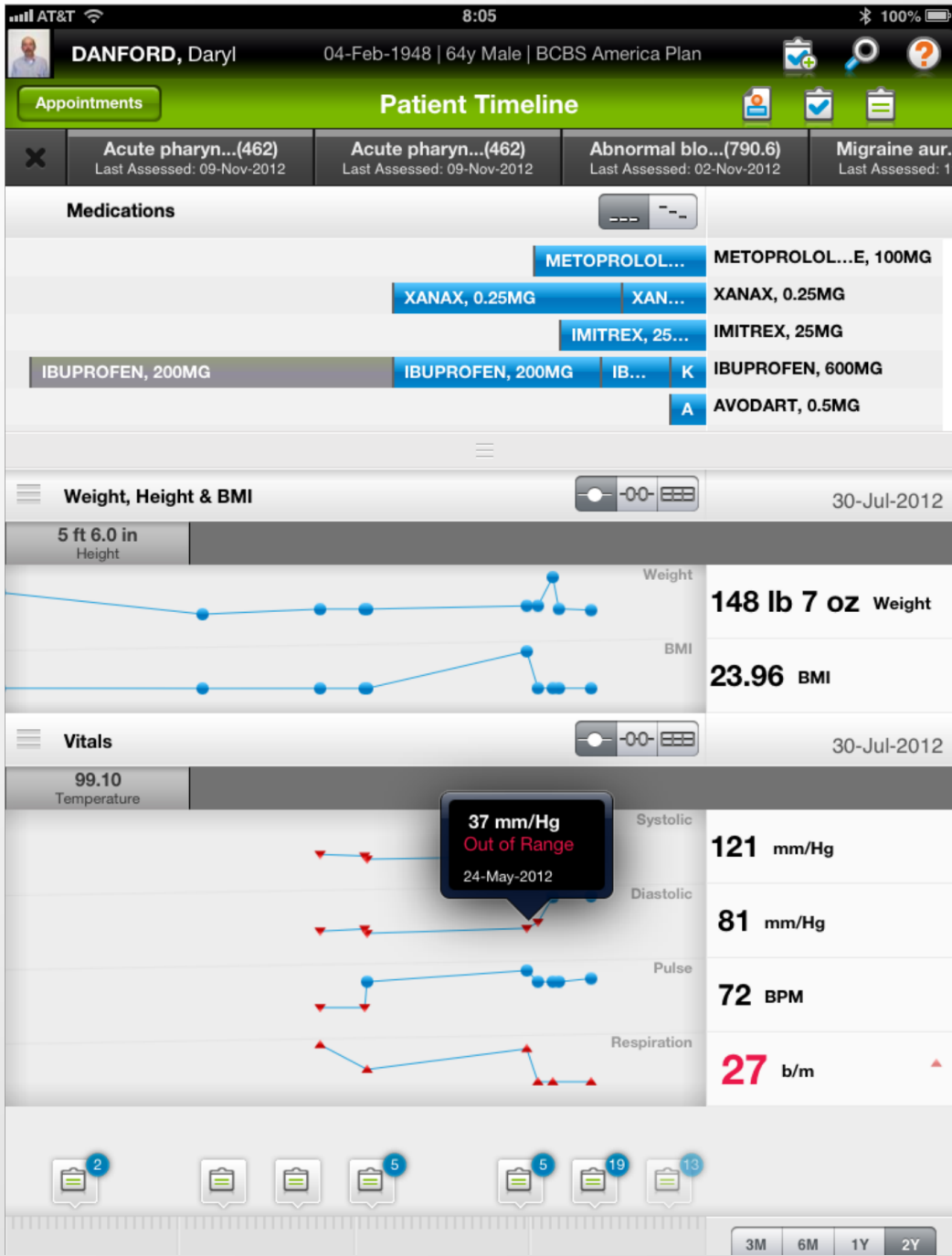
Layout Label

- Default
- Quick Compact
- Slow Compact
- Chronologically Ordered
- Event Ordered

Apply OK Cancel

Warning: Applet Window





The Wand Timeline view of a patient record in Allscript's ambulatory EHR iPad application. Used with permission of Allscripts.

Navigation icons: BACK, SEARCH, LAST 10, NEW PT, NOTE, SINGLE, DSKTP, ADMIN, APPTS, FAX, MSG, ROUTE, HELP, CLOSE CHART, SWITCH USER, EXIT EMR

**Bradley J. Reynolds** 58 yo Male 03/30/1950 207 lbs / 94 kg

**Primary Ins:** United Healthcare  
**Secondary:** Blue Cross Blue Shield  
**Primary Care:** Roger K. Hall, M.D.  
**Referring Provider:** Howard W. Follis, M.D.  
**Address:** 100 South Street Springfield, MO 65807  
**Home:** (417) 555-9184  
**Work:** (417) 555-3323  
**Cell:** (417) 555-2326



**Timeline**

Open O.V. Note

Documents

Chart Management

Demographics

**Allergies**

IVP Dye

Aspirin

**Medications**

Avodart 0.5mg ...	1...	PO	QD
Cialis 20mg tablet	1	PO	QD
Ditropan xl 15m...	1	PO	QD
Hctz 25mg tablet	1	PO	QD
Proscar 5mg tablet	1	PO	QD
Accupril 40mg t...	1	PO	QD
Allegra 180mg t...	1	PO	QD
Glucophage 500...	1	PO	QD
Lipitor 20mg tablet	1	PO	QD

Surgical History

Medical History

Family History

Social History



# A SINGLE RECORD

What is the situation?  
What has been done?  
What should we do now?



# MANY RECORDS

RECORD

RECORD

RECORD

RECORD

RECORD

Are we following guidelines?

Find patients with Y and Z for my trial

How are opioids prescribed?

Can we improve this workflow?



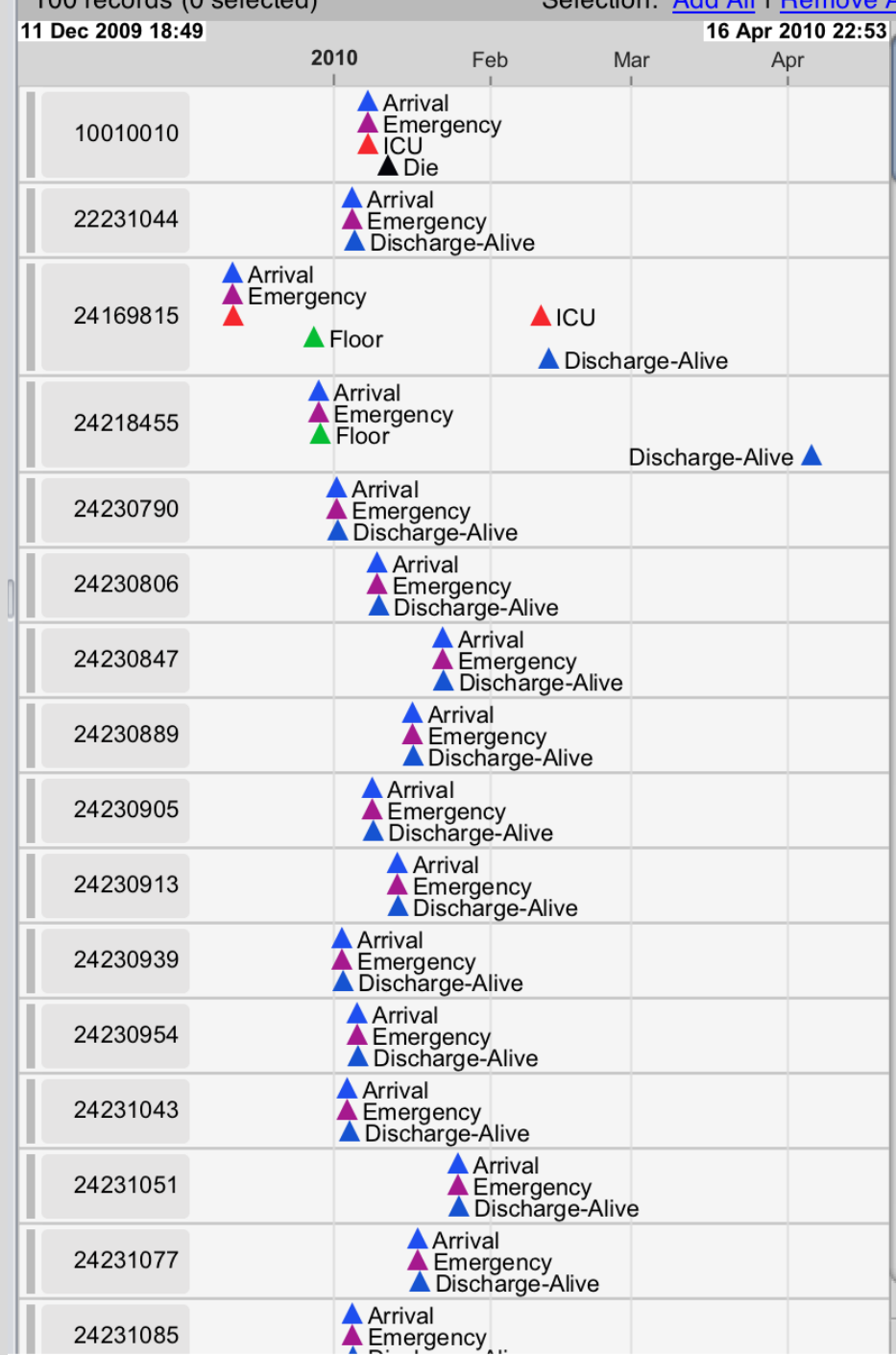
Example:

Where do patients go after they leave the emergency room?

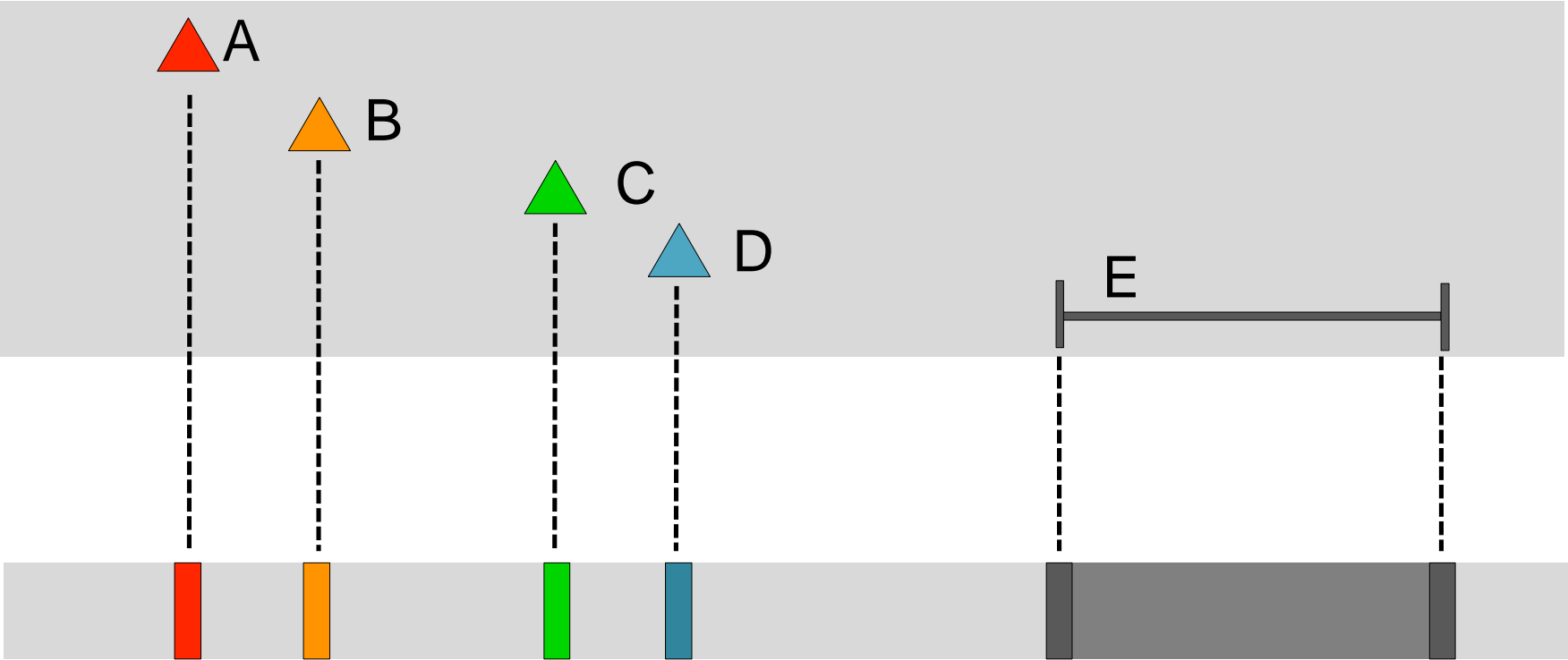
Data: Transfers within Hospital

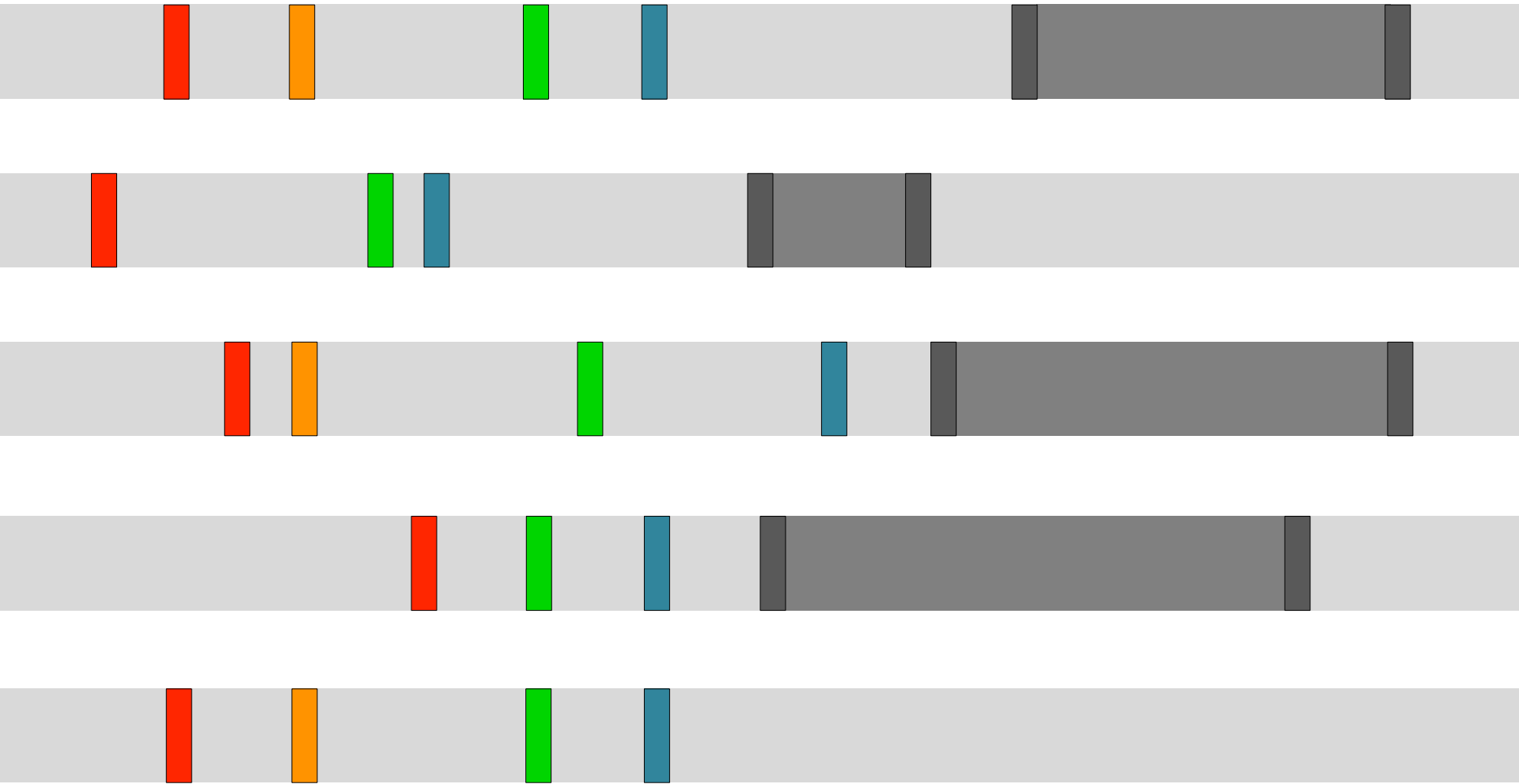


Summarize all the sequences

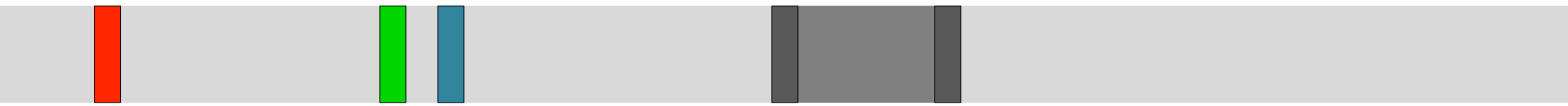
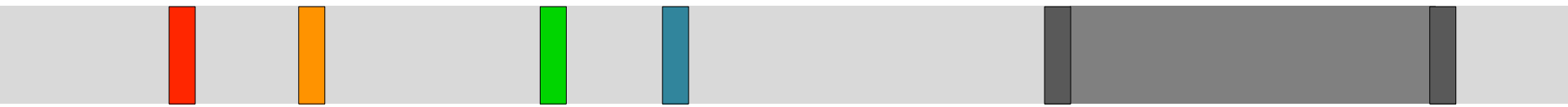


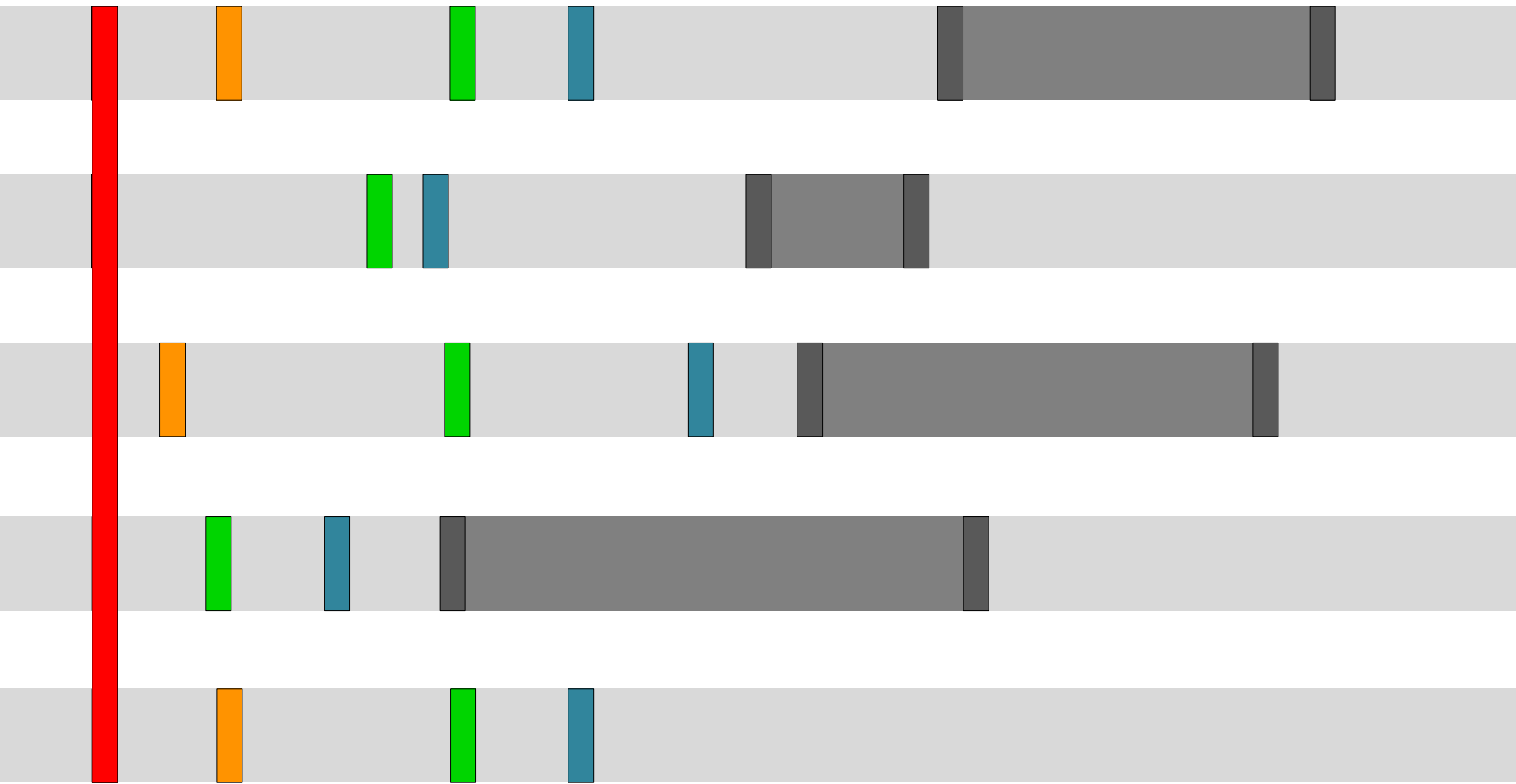
# Constructing the EventFlow Overview



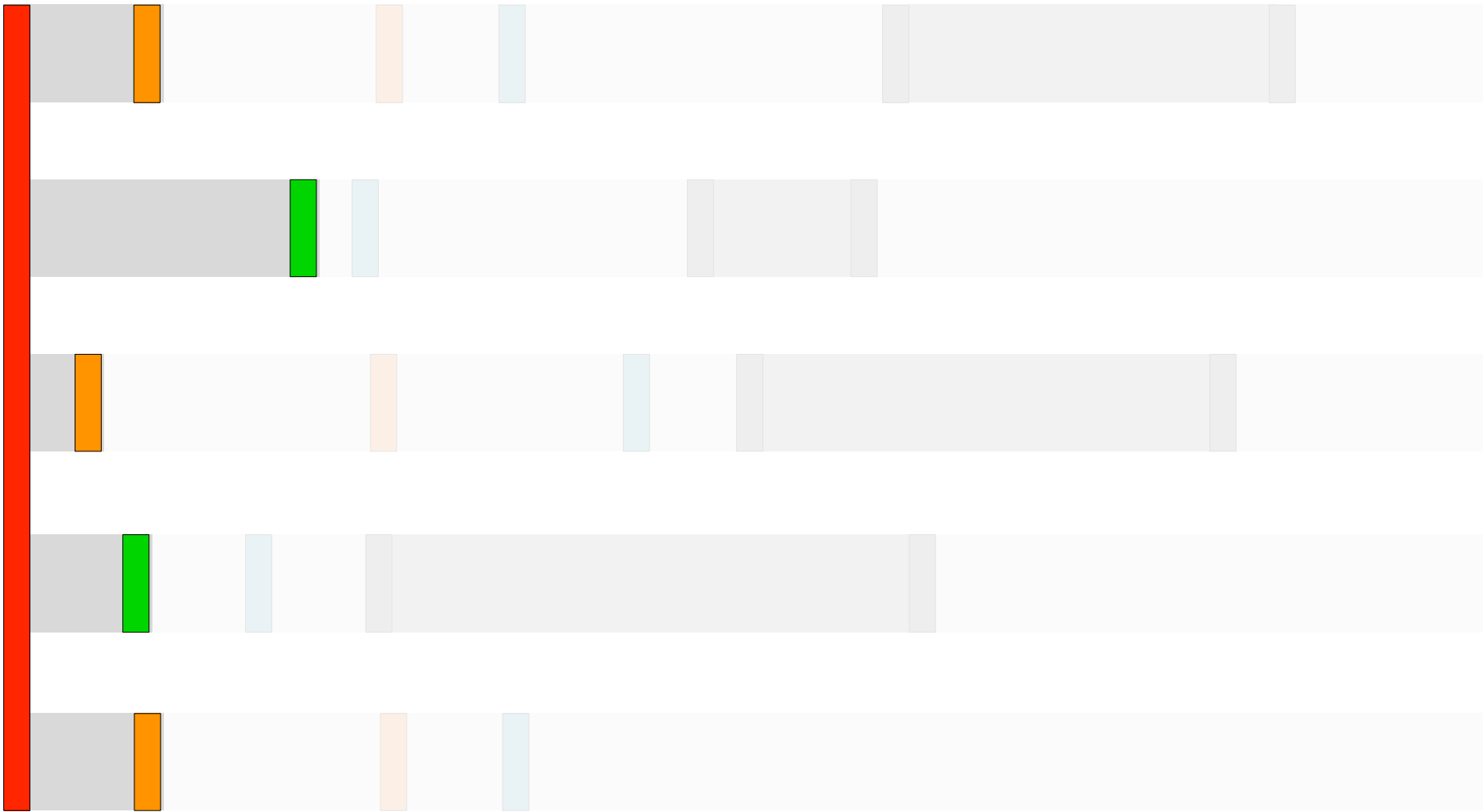




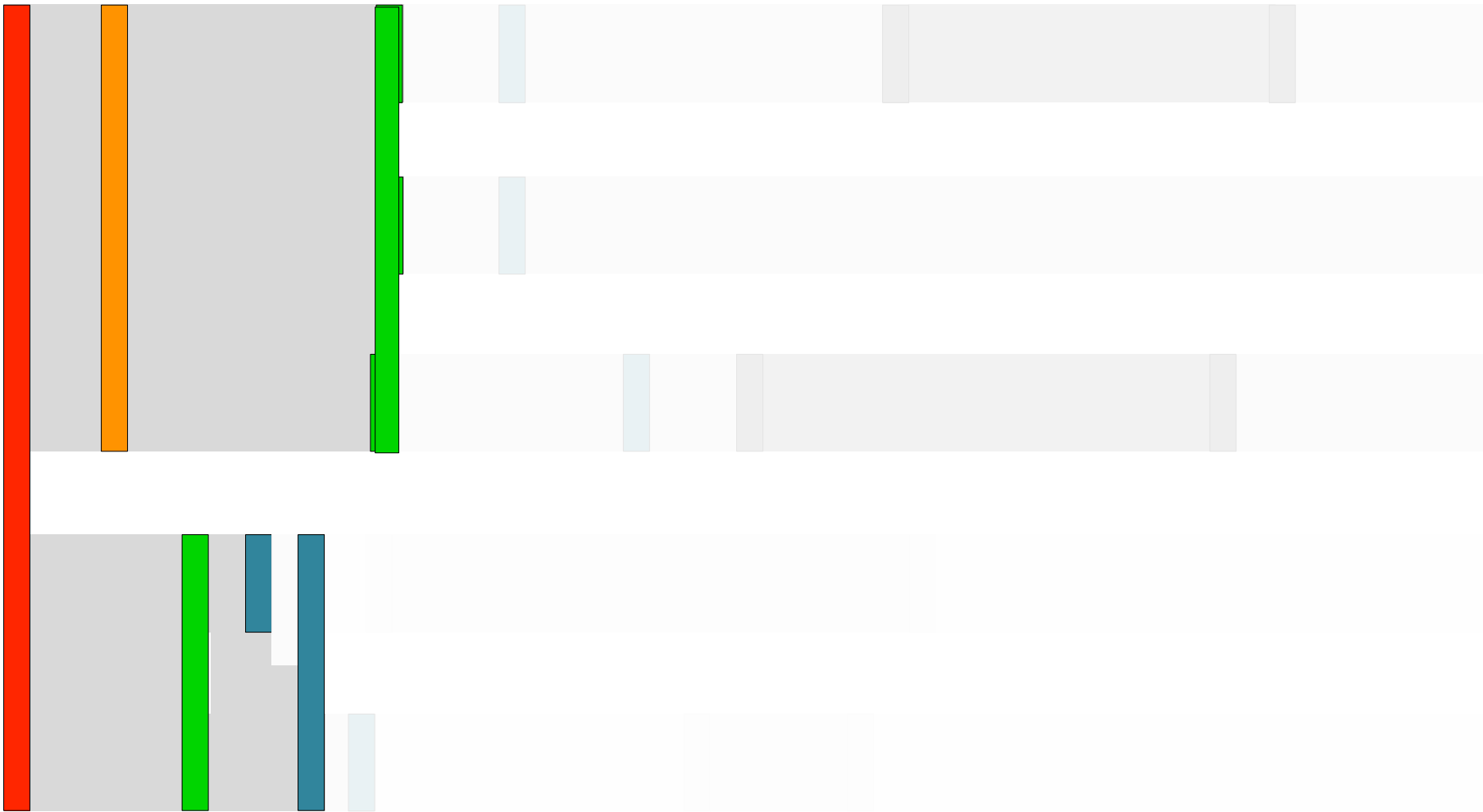


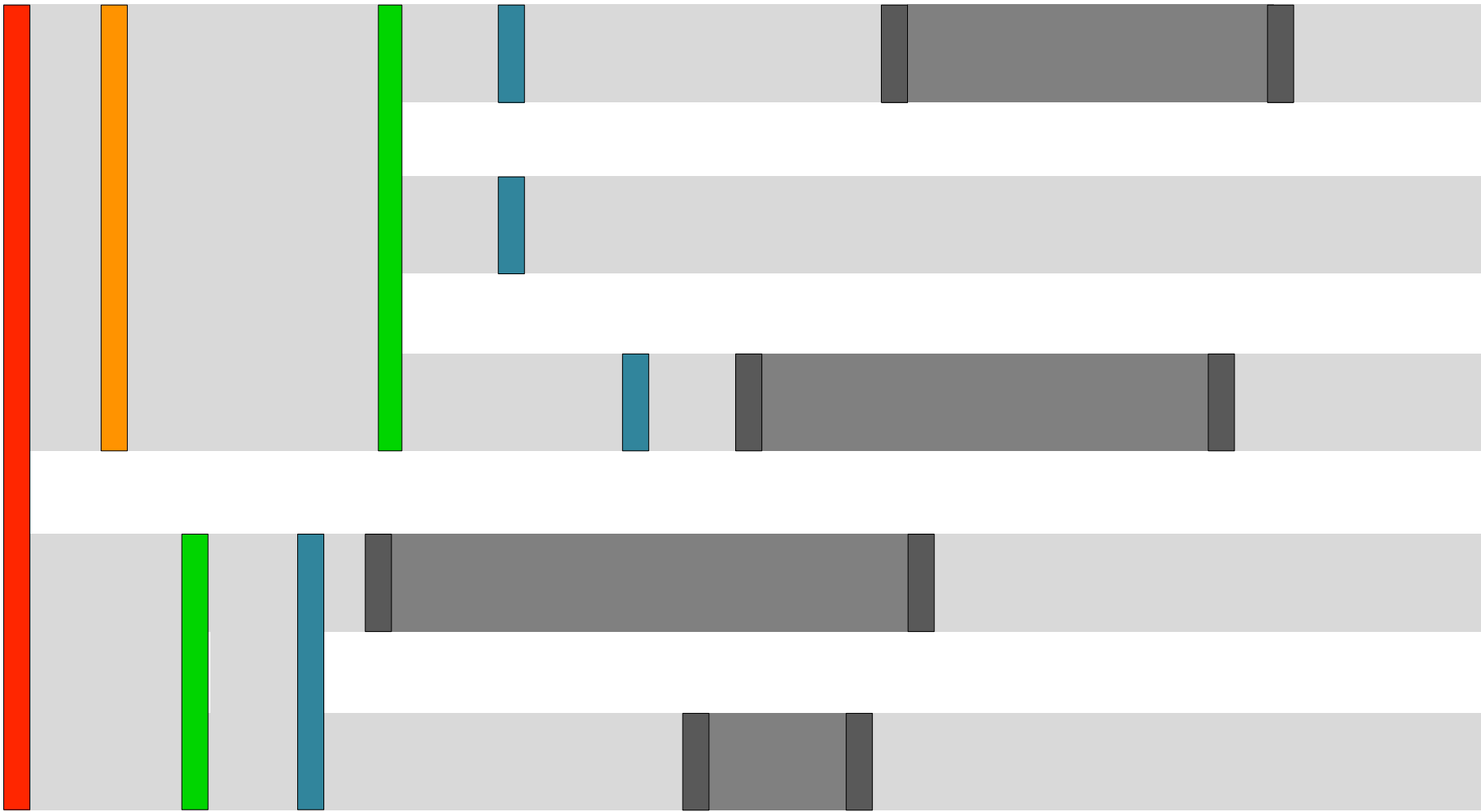




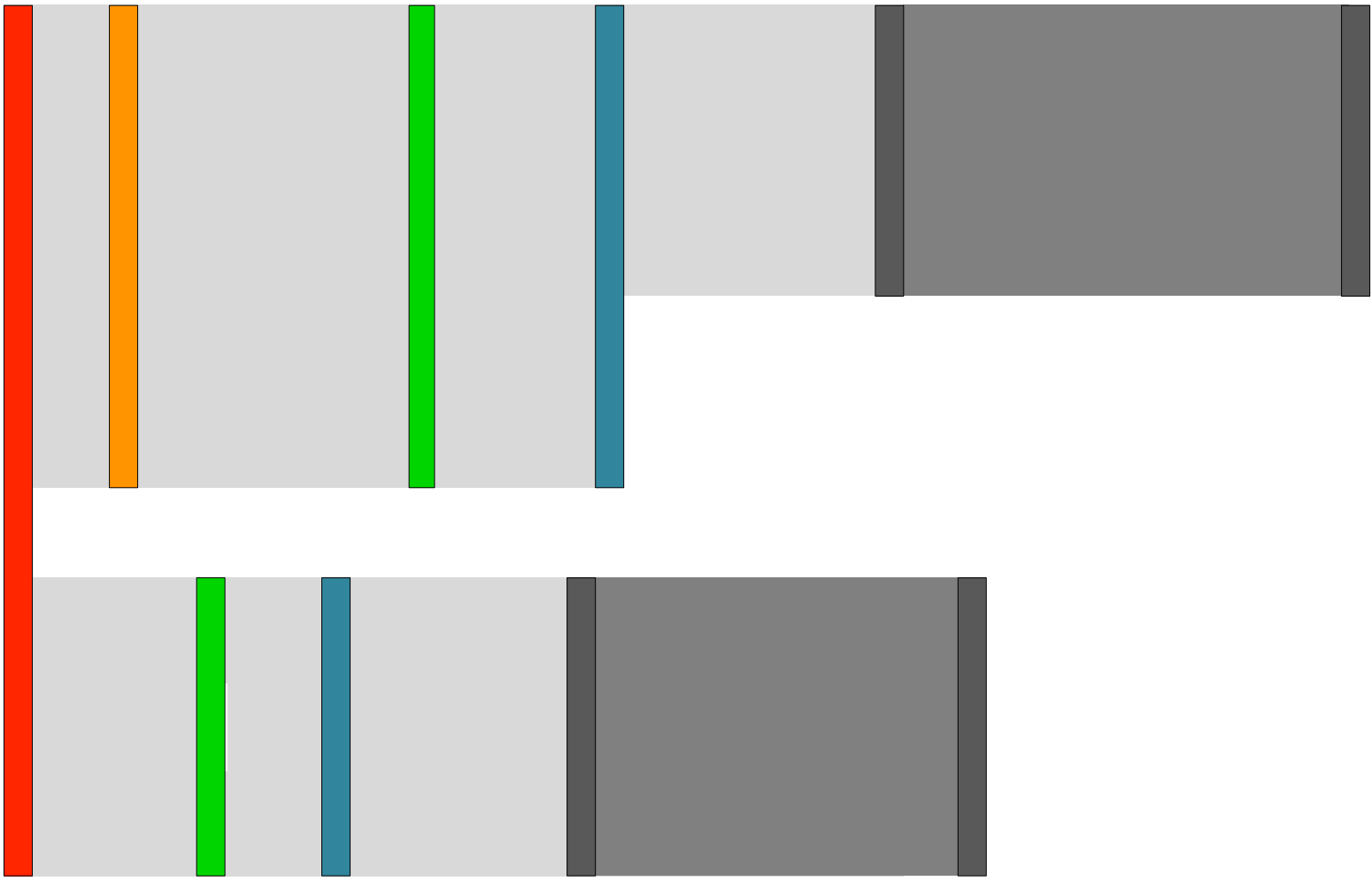








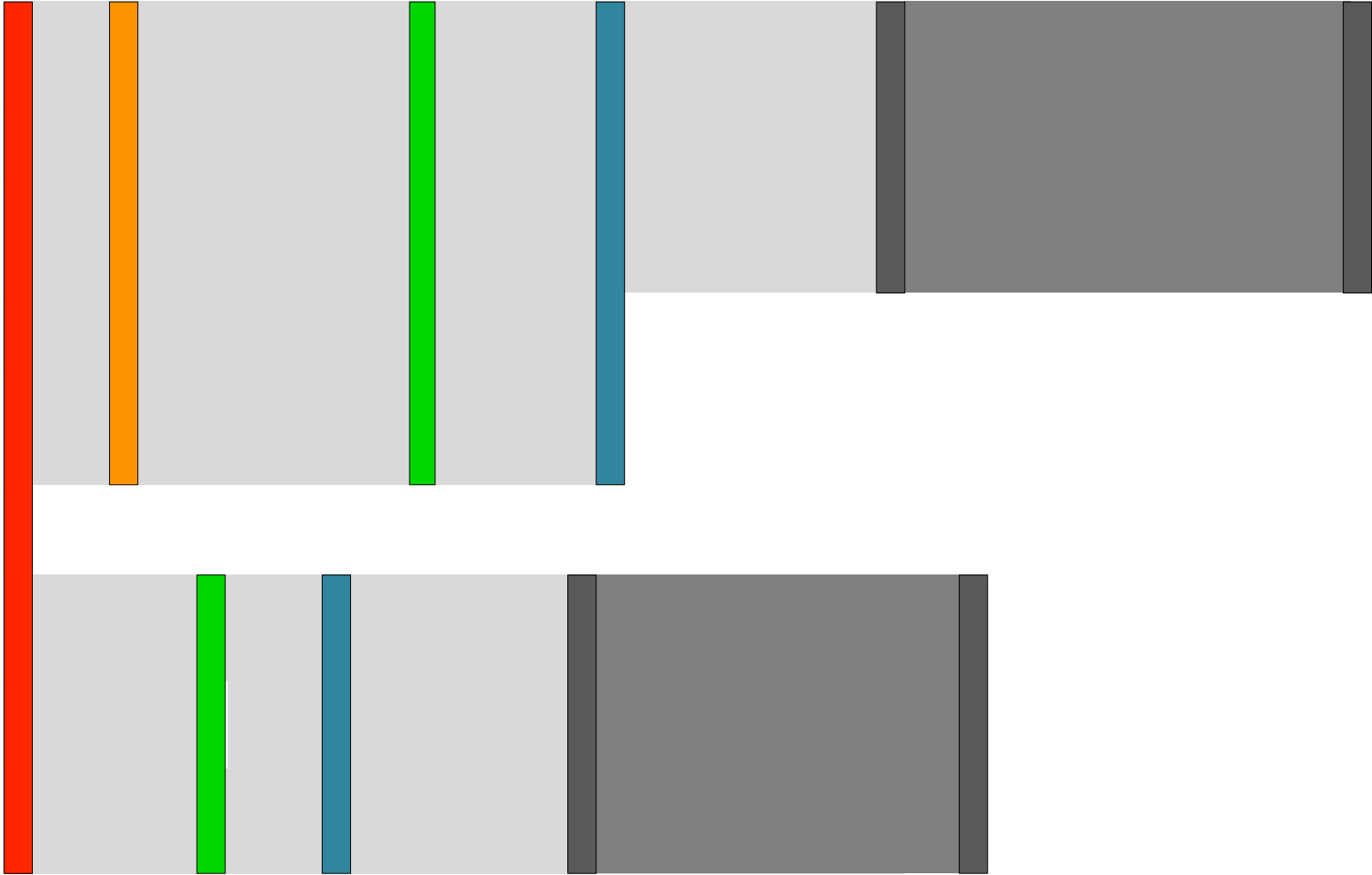




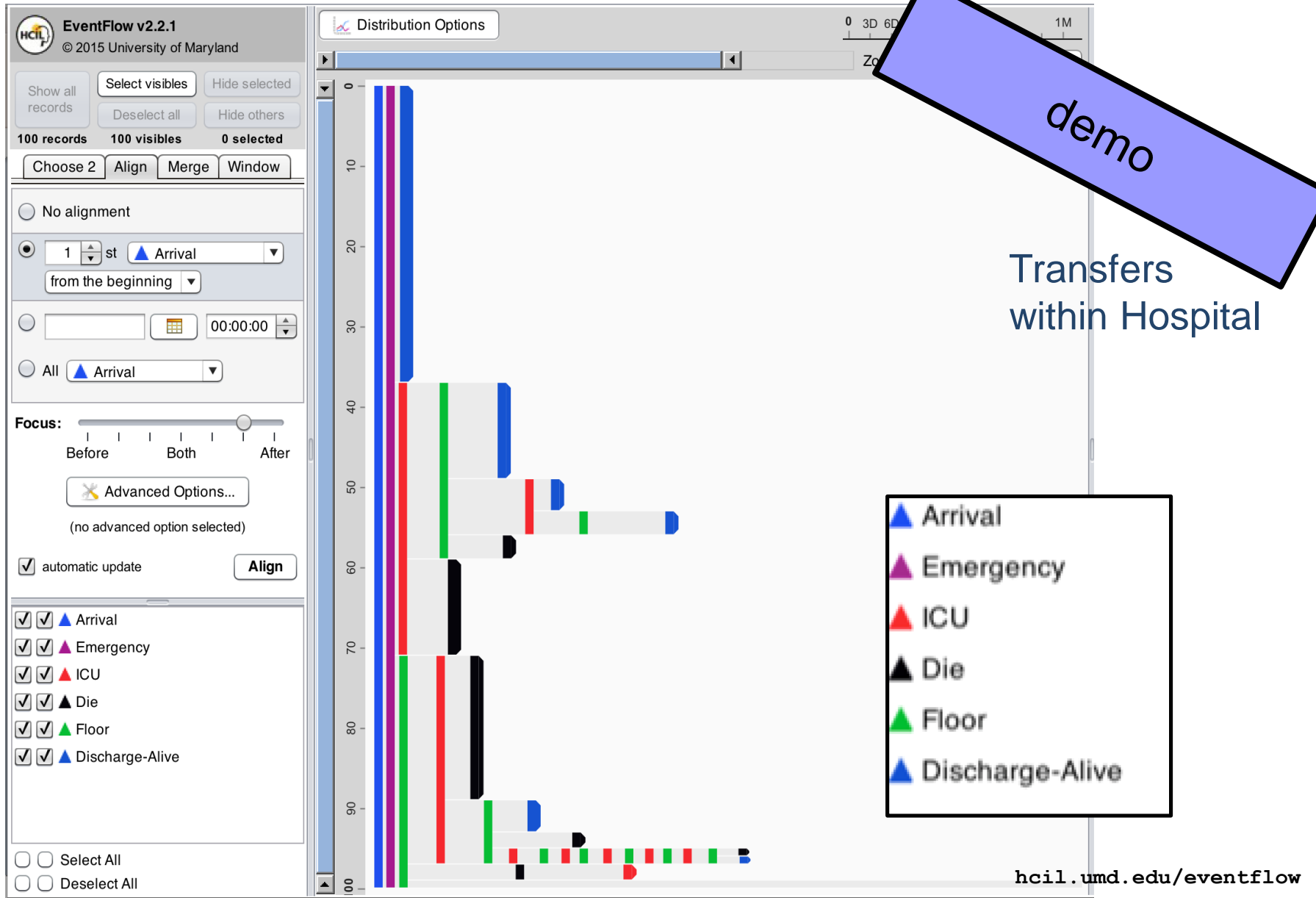
Time

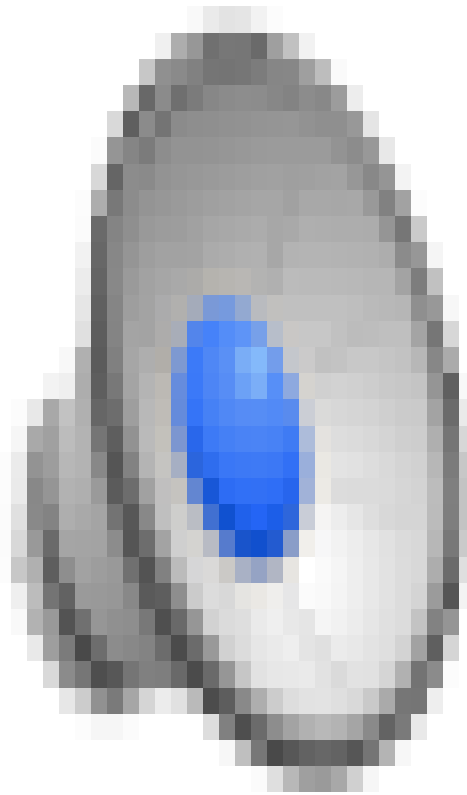


Number of Records



# Eventflow: overview of all sequences





Lien vers la vidéo : EventFlow short demo

<https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=ZN1BefRmBMc>

**EventFlow v2.2.1**  
© 2015 University of Maryland

Show all records    Select visibles    Hide selected  
 Deselect all    Hide others

18 records    10 visibles    0 selected

Choose 2    Align    Merge    Window

**Merge Gaps/Overlaps**

Category: ■ Drug A

Gaps < 0 seconds  
 Subtract gap time from end event

Overlaps < 0 seconds  
 Add overlap time to end event

More Choices    Choose 2

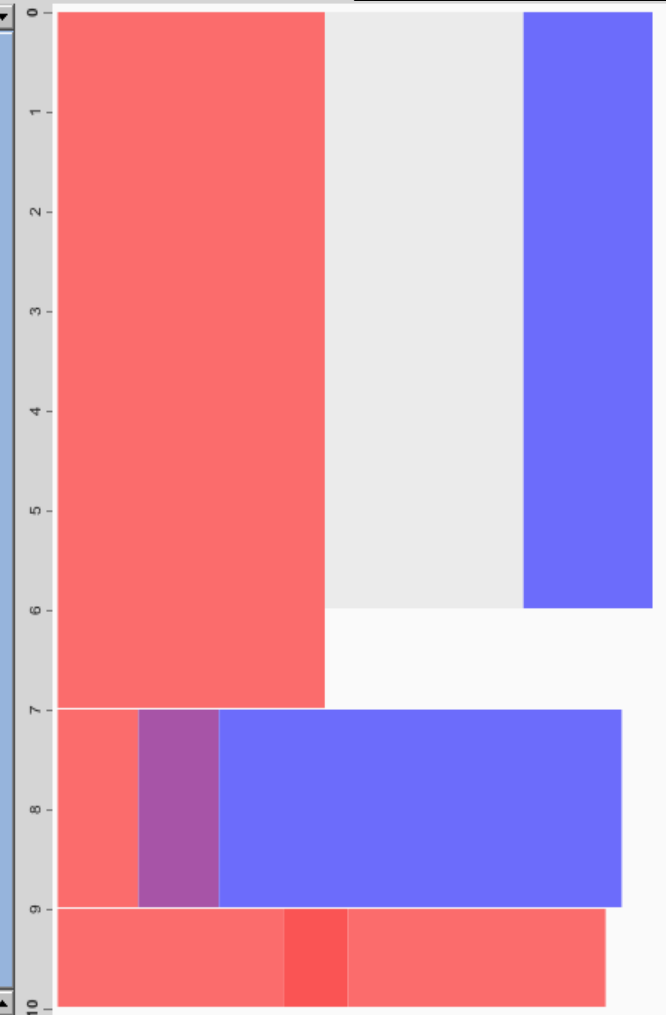
- Drug A
- Drug B

- Select All
- Deselect All

Distribution Options

0 1D 2D 3D 4D 5D 6D 7D 8D

Zoom: 19 Days



Timeline    Simple Search    Advanced Search

10 records 0 selected [Select All](#) | [None](#)

Time	Drug A	Drug B
0	Starts	Starts
1	Ends	Starts
5	Ends	Starts
7	Ends	Starts
8	Ends	Starts
9	Ends	Starts
10	Ends	Starts
11	Ends	Starts
12	Ends	Starts
16	Ends	Starts

File Dataset Selection View Help

EventFlow v2.2  
© 2015 University of Maryland

Show all records Select visibles Hide selected  
Deselect all Hide others  
631 records 631 visibles 0 selected

Align Filter Merge Window

No alignment

1 st 1  
from the beginning

00:00:00

All 1

Focus: Before Both After

Advanced Options...

(no advanced option selected)

automatic update

Align

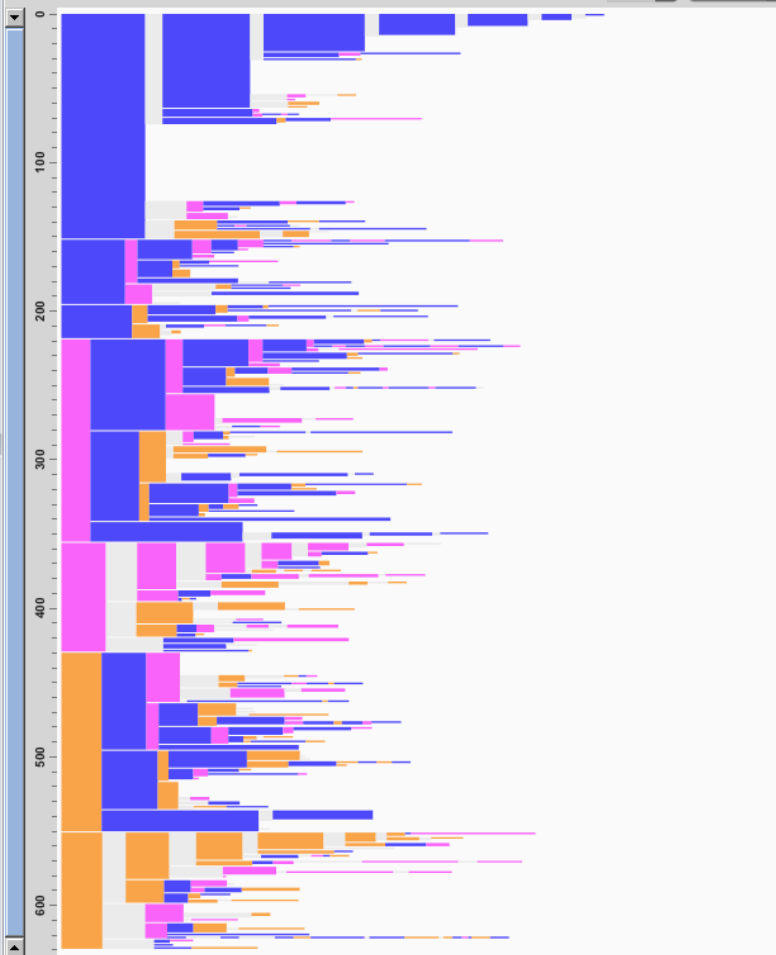
1  
 3  
 1and3

Select All  
Deselect All

Distribution Options

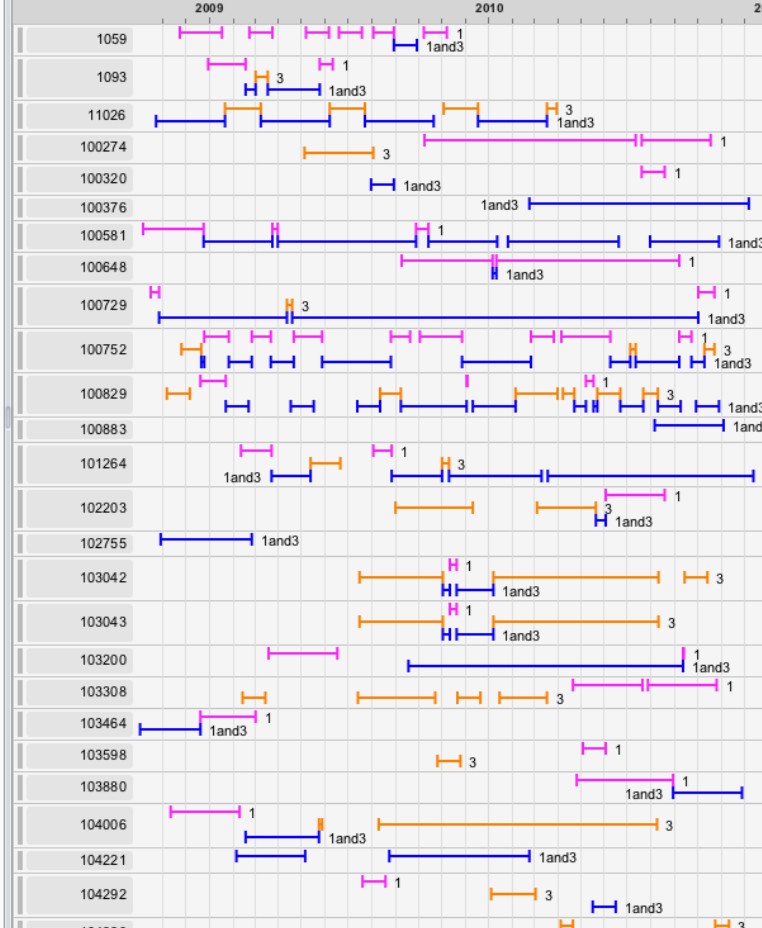
0 2M 4M 6M 8M 10M 1Y

Zoom: 3 Years



Timeline Simple Search Advanced Search

631 records 0 selected Select All | 6 Jan 2011 0



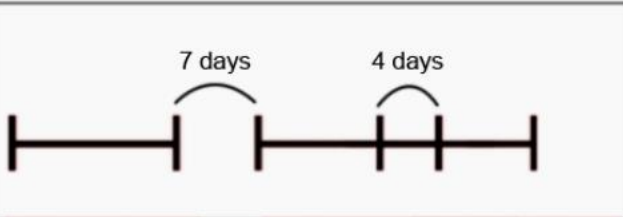
# Interactively manage gaps and overlaps

**Remove Gaps/Overlaps**

Event Type:  Diuretic

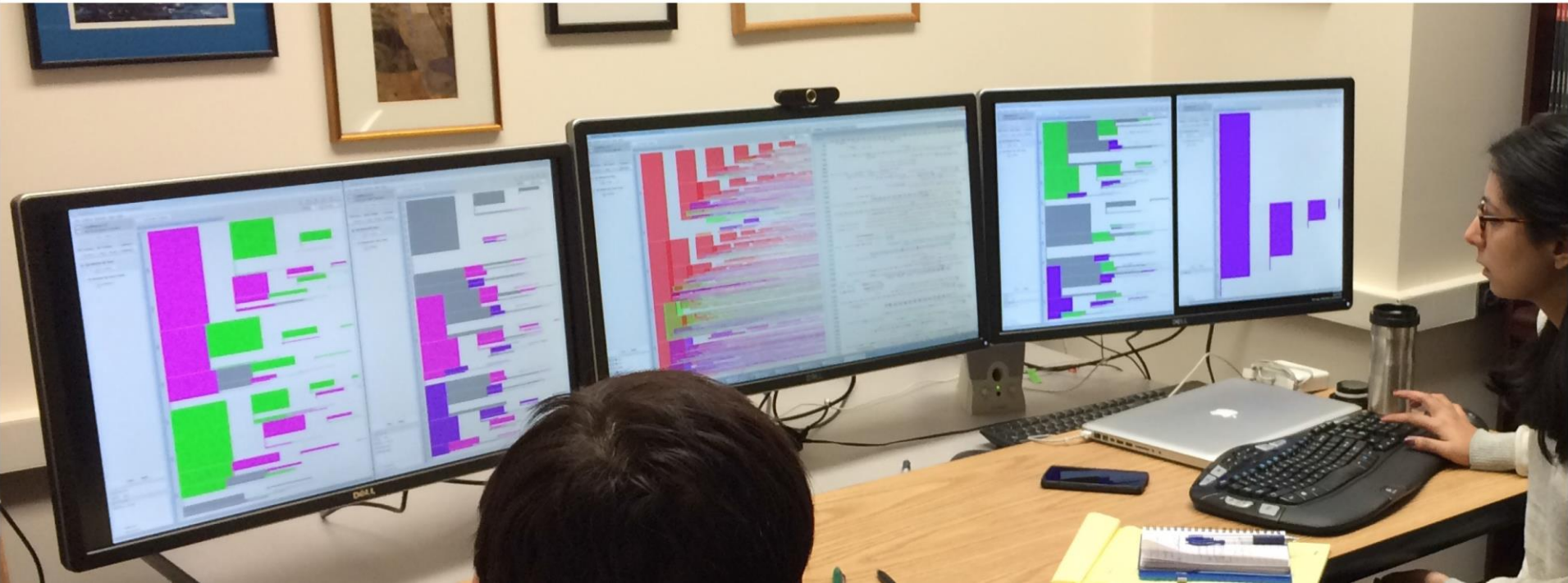
Gaps < 0  days

Overlaps < 0  days



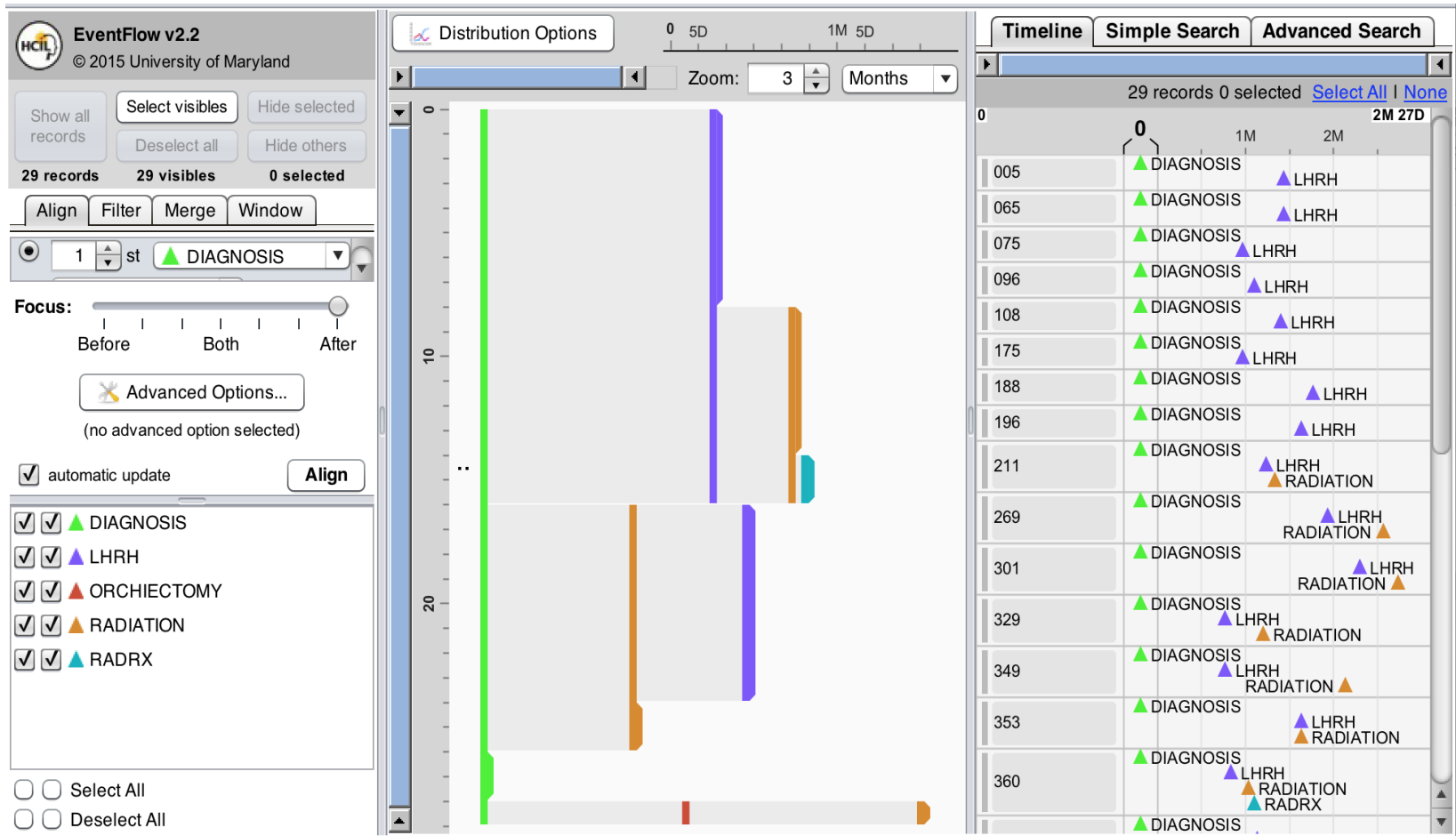
The diagram illustrates a timeline with two events. The first event is a horizontal bar starting at a vertical tick mark. A gap of 7 days is indicated by a curved line above the timeline between the end of the first event and the start of the second event. The second event is a horizontal bar starting at a vertical tick mark. An overlap of 4 days is indicated by a curved line above the timeline between the start of the second event and the end of the first event.

# Understanding Adherence Using Large Scale Claims Data



Bjarnadottir, M., Malik, S., Onukwugha, E., Gooden, T., Plaisant, C.  
Understanding Adherence and Prescription Patterns Using Large Scale Claims Data  
PharmacoEconomics, Volume 34, Issue 2, pp 169-179, 2016.



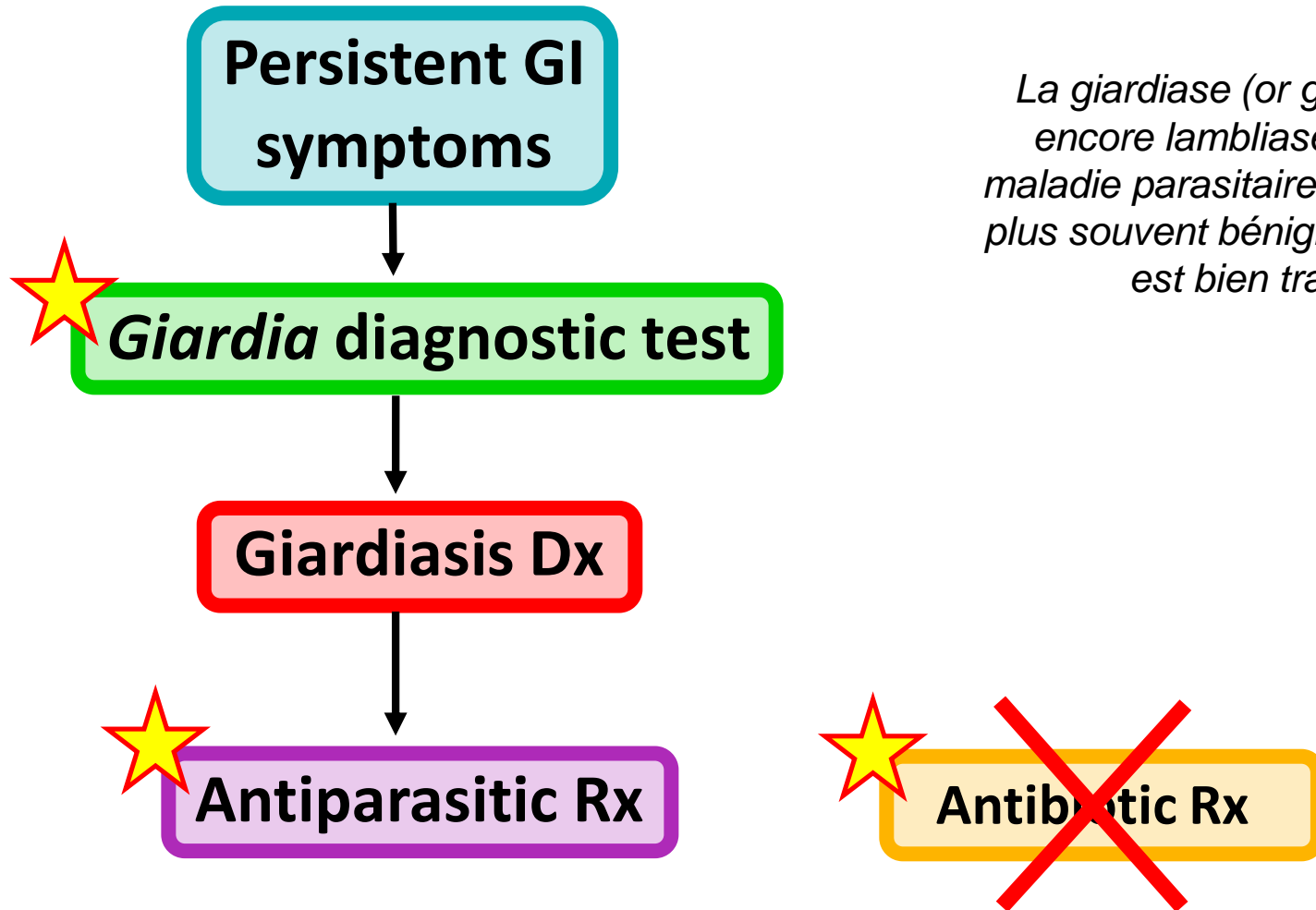


Data representing men diagnosed with cancer (small sample to explain the design).

Records have been aligned by the cancer diagnosis date (green).

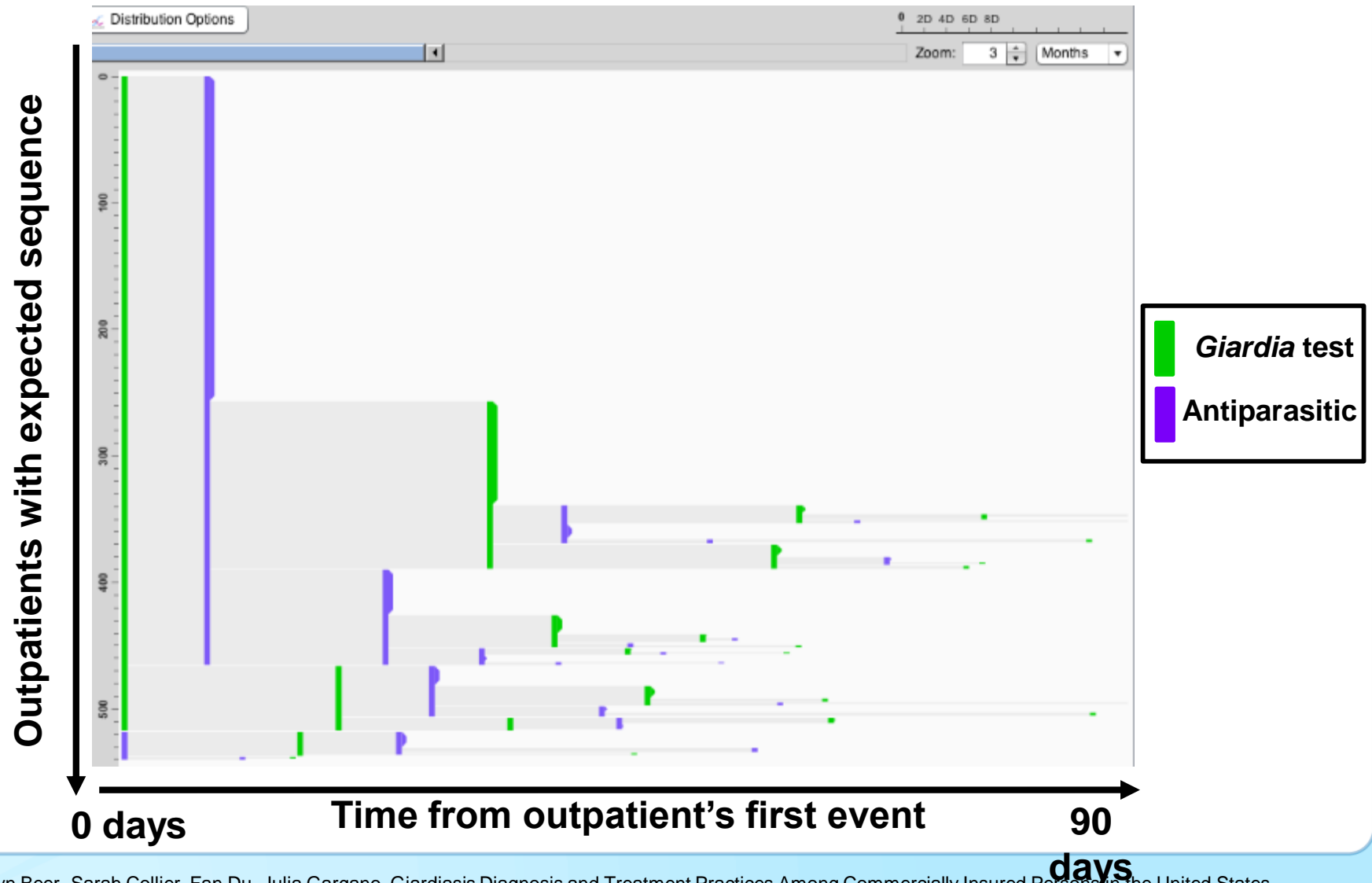
We can see the different sequences of treatment with luteinizing hormone-releasing hormone (LHRH) (purple) and radiation therapy (brown). The most common first treatment in this group is the LHRH. The second most common is radiation therapy and we can see that it occurs earlier on average than LHRH as the distance from green to brown is shorter than the distance from green to purple.

# Expected giardiasis clinical event sequence

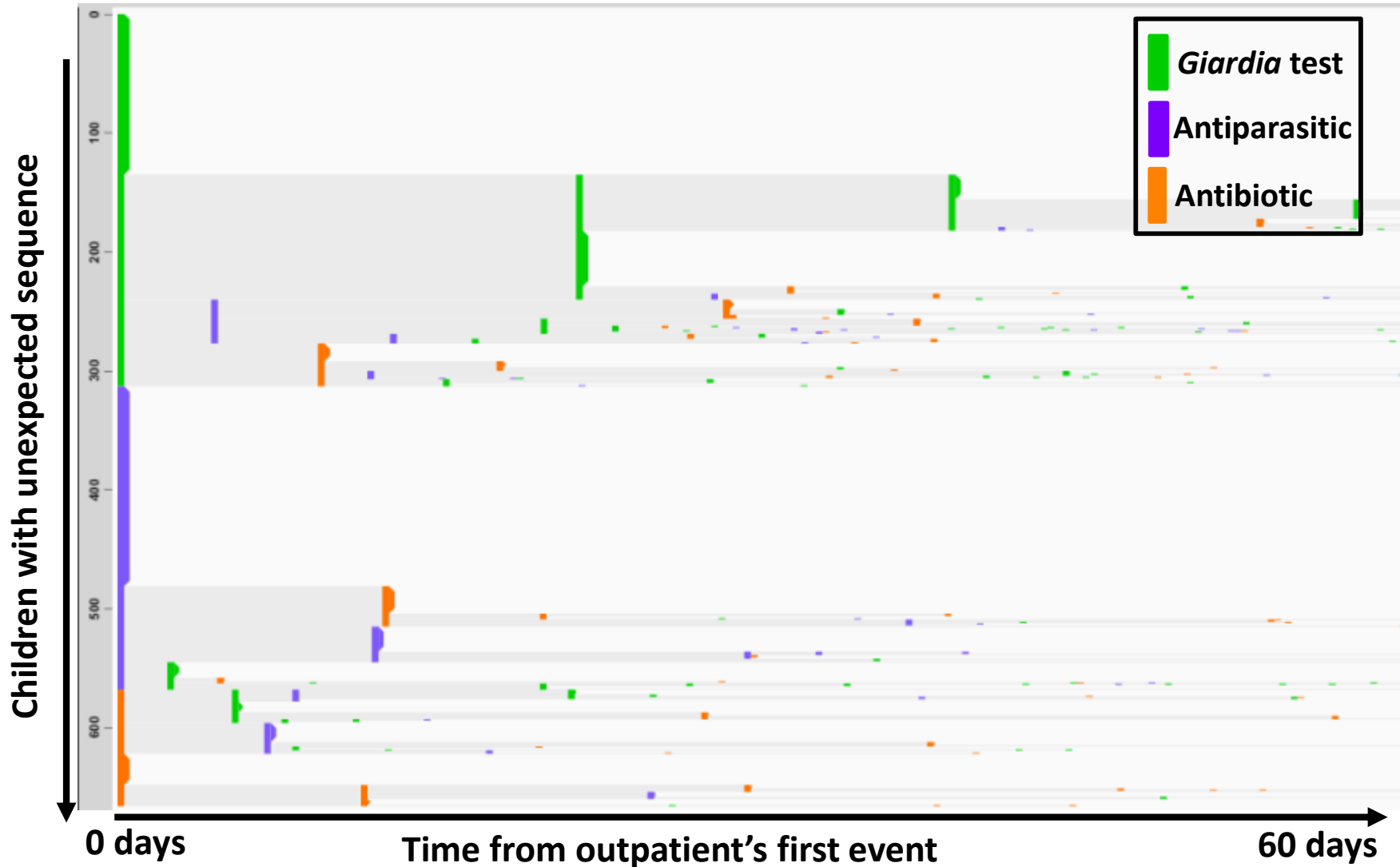


*La giardiose (or giardiose ou encore lambliose), est une maladie parasitaire fréquente, le plus souvent bénigne lorsqu'elle est bien traitée.*

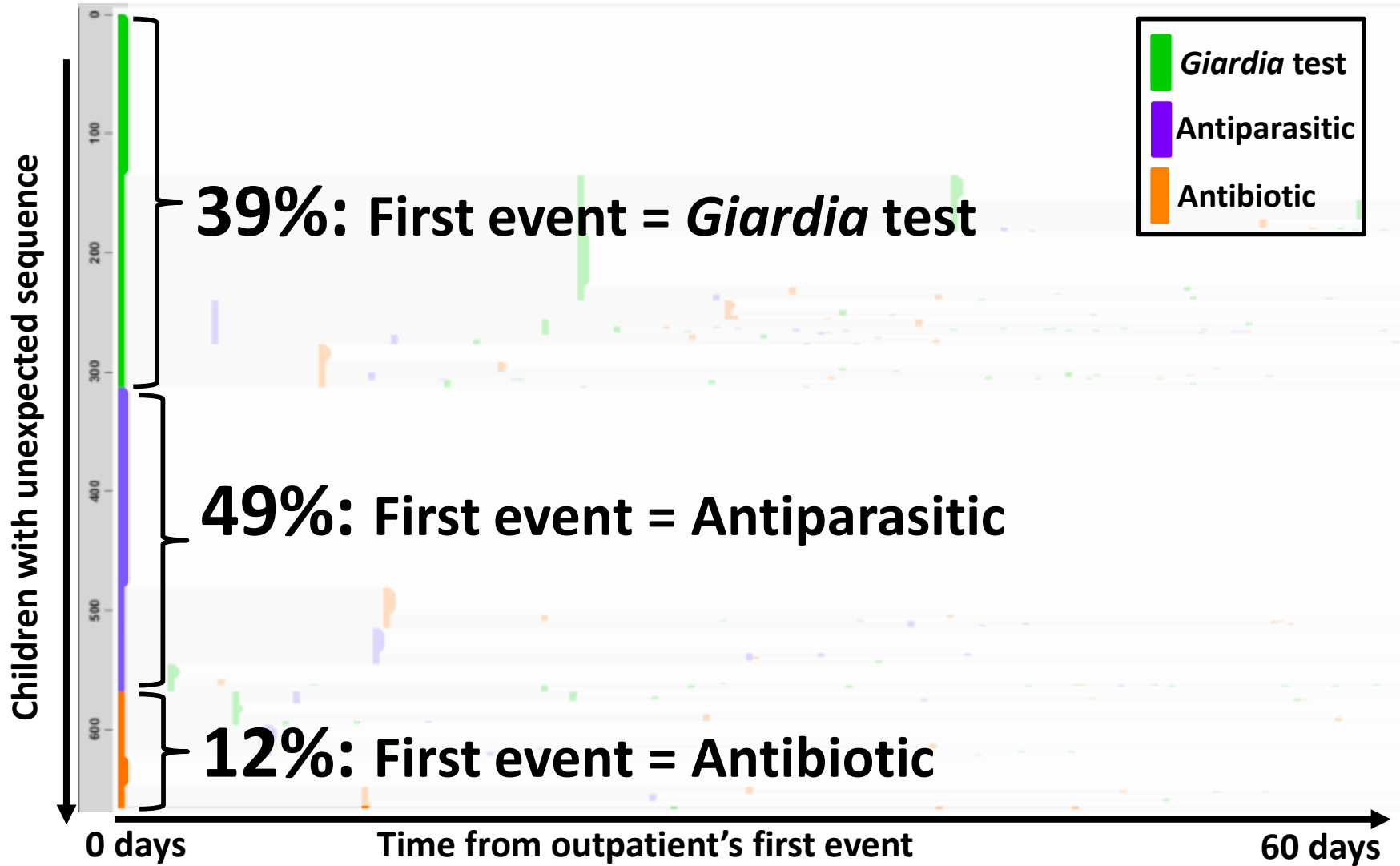
# 18% of adults had the expected sequence (N=541)



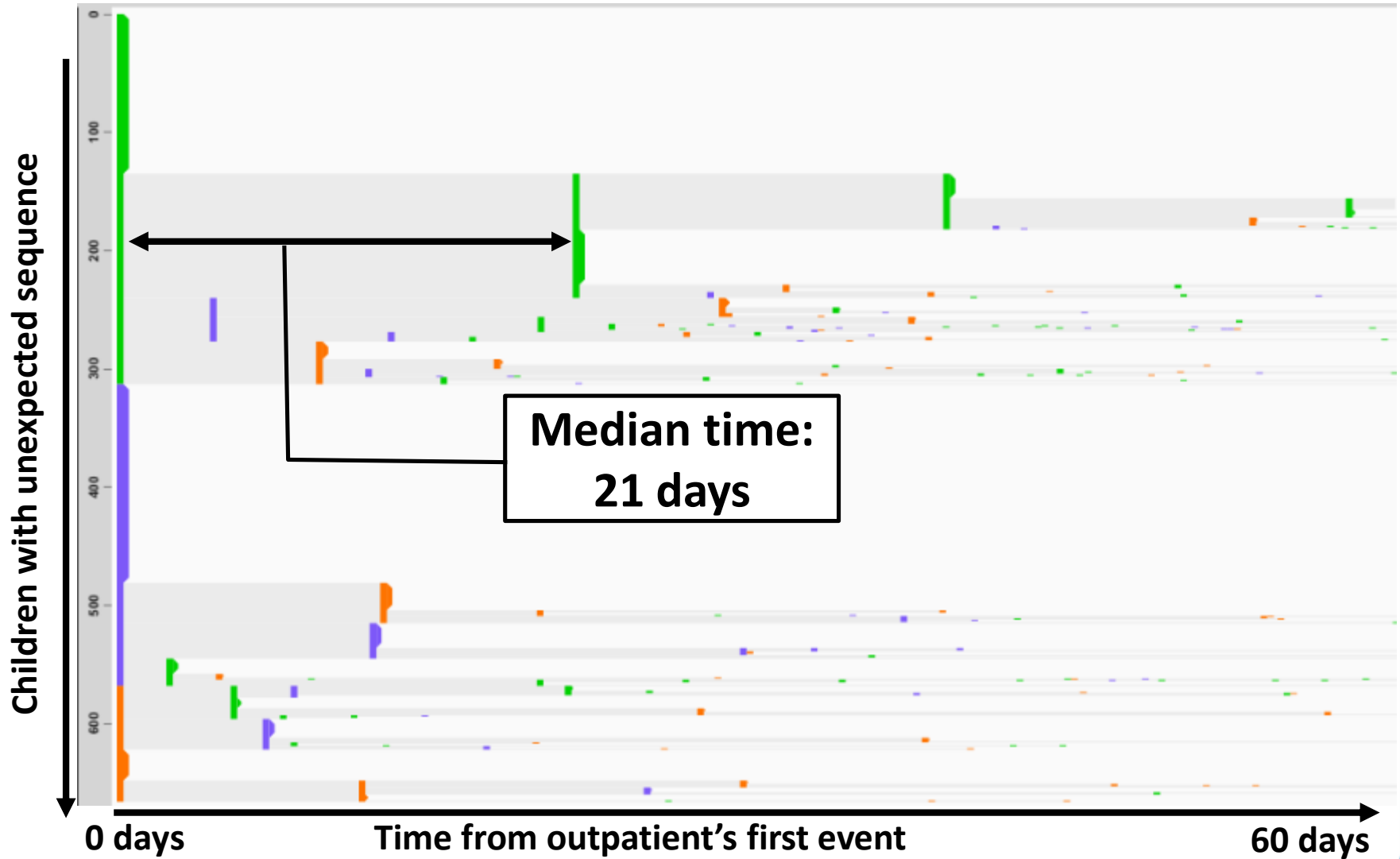
# Pediatric unexpected care sequences (n=807)



# Pediatric unexpected care sequences (n=807)



# Pediatric unexpected care sequences (n=807)



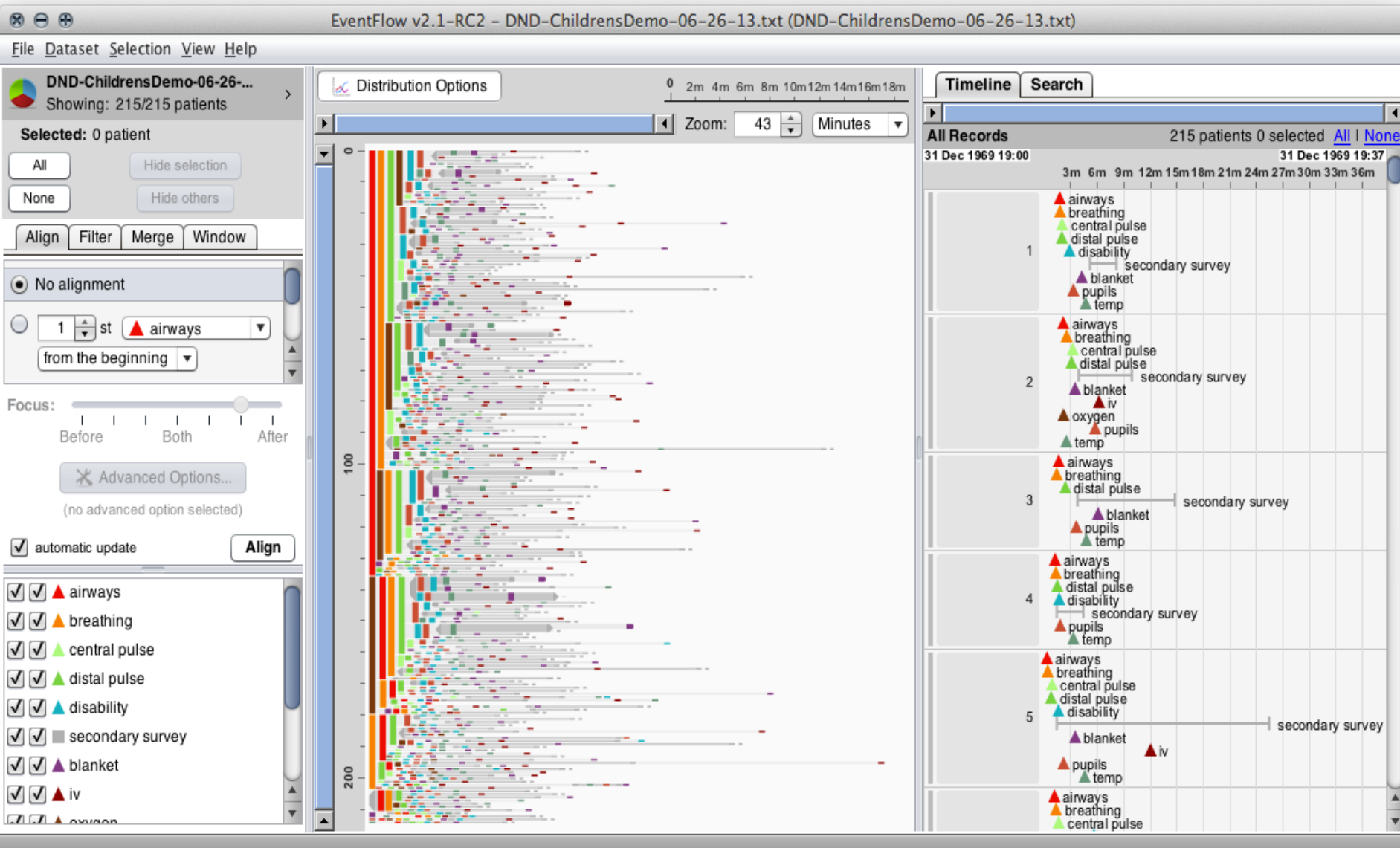
# Children's Hospital in DC: Trauma Bay



Are we following protocol?  
What are the main deviations?

skip

# Children's Hospital in DC: Trauma Bay



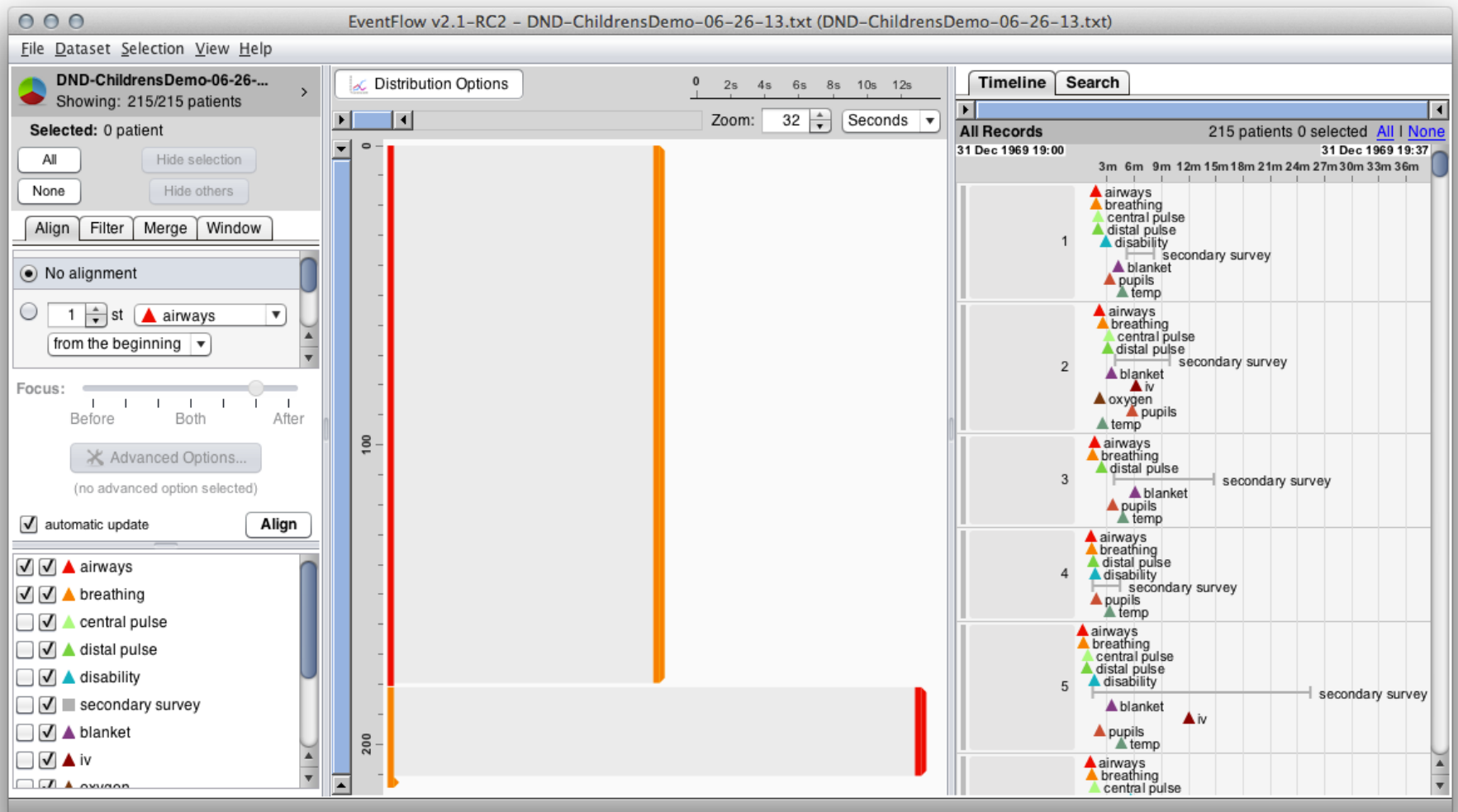


# Focusing on the first two events

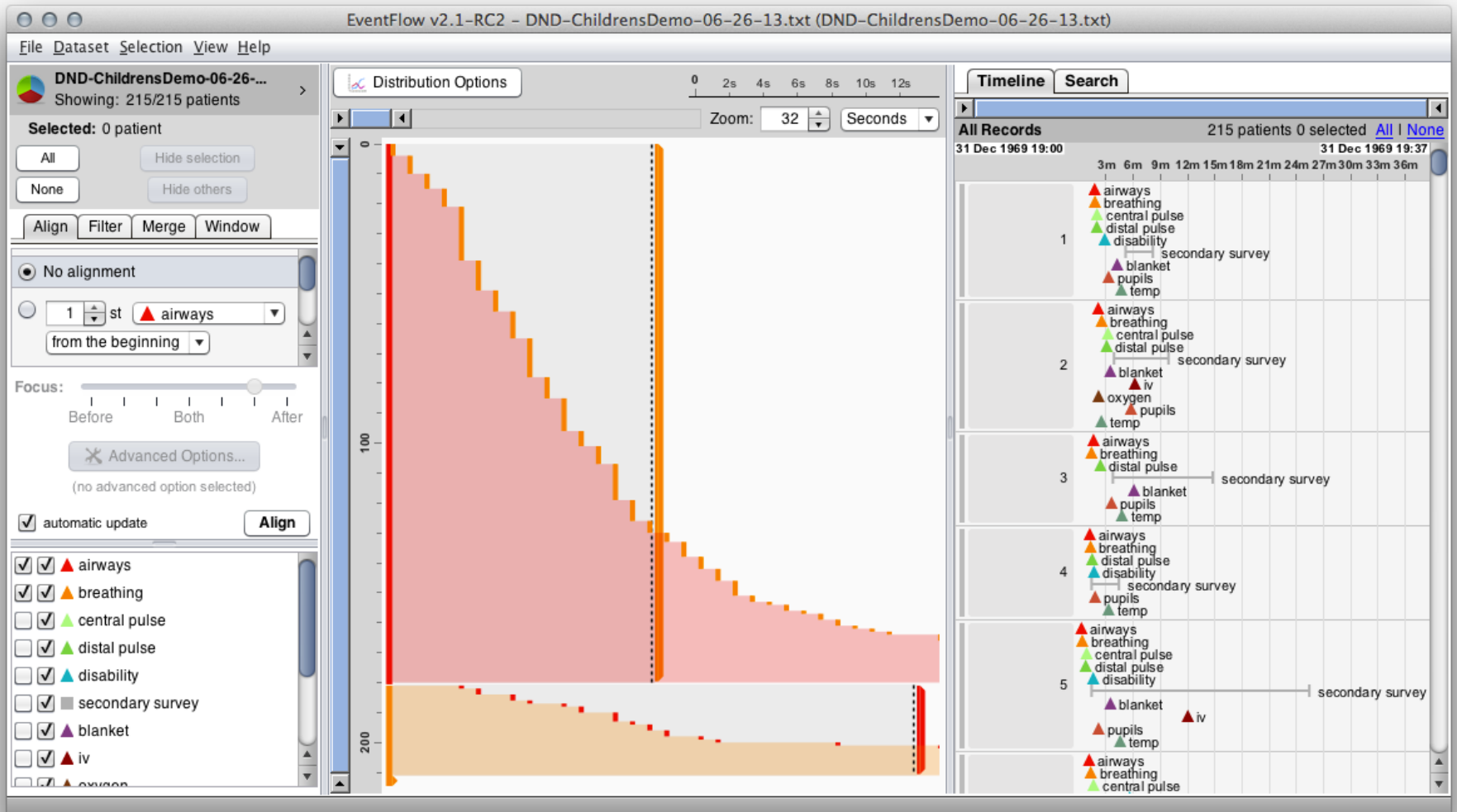
84% of patients are checked in the correct order.

The most common deviation is that the breathing is checked before the airways (14% of patients)

Reversed group takes longer on average than the correct sequence



# Distributions





# Combine the 2 pulse types

## Adding distal pulse

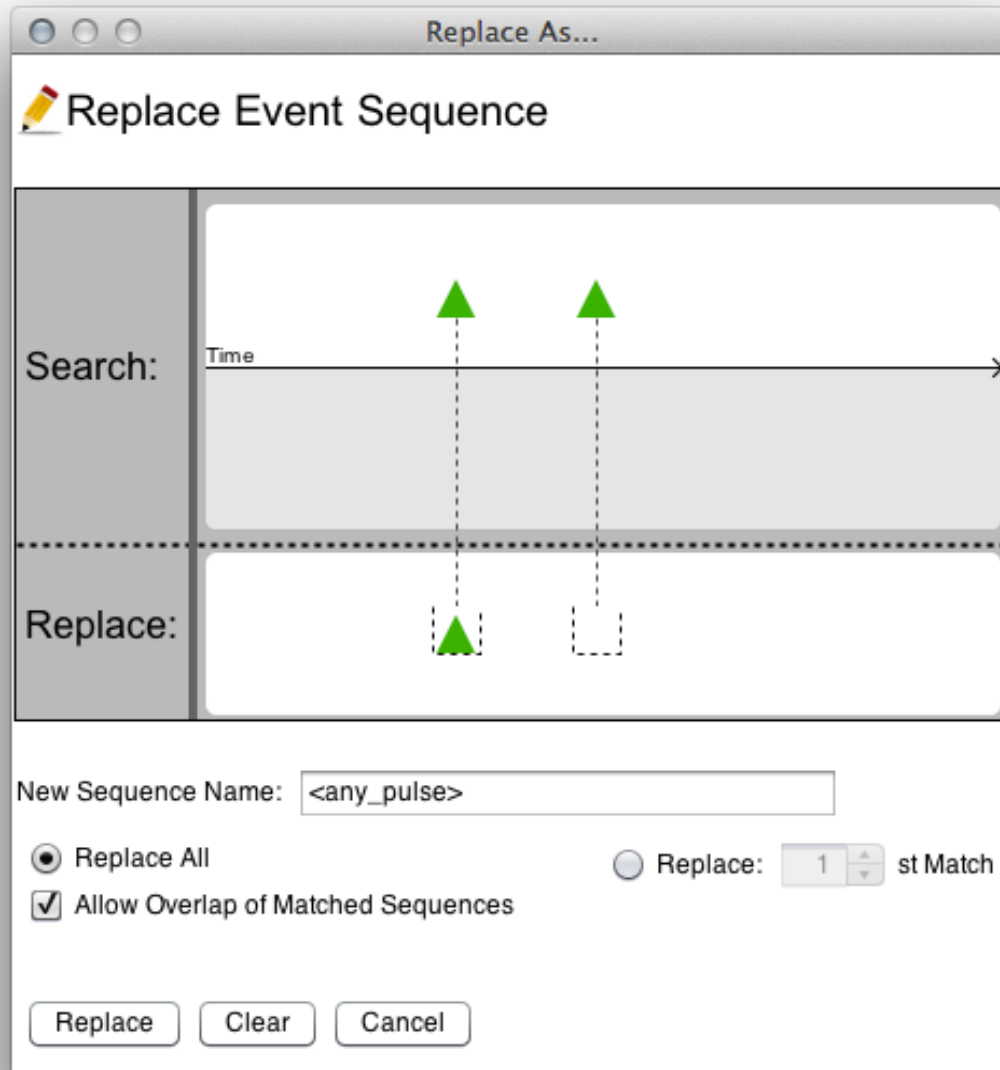
The screenshot shows the EventFlow v2.1-RC2 software interface. The main window displays a patient data visualization with a vertical axis labeled '0', '100', and '200'. The visualization shows various colored vertical bars representing different pulse types: red (airways), orange (breathing), green (central pulse), and grey (secondary survey). A legend at the bottom right lists the pulse types: pupils (red triangle), temp (green triangle), airways (red triangle), breathing (orange triangle), and central pulse (green triangle).

The 'Combine Categories...' dialog box is open, showing the following configuration:

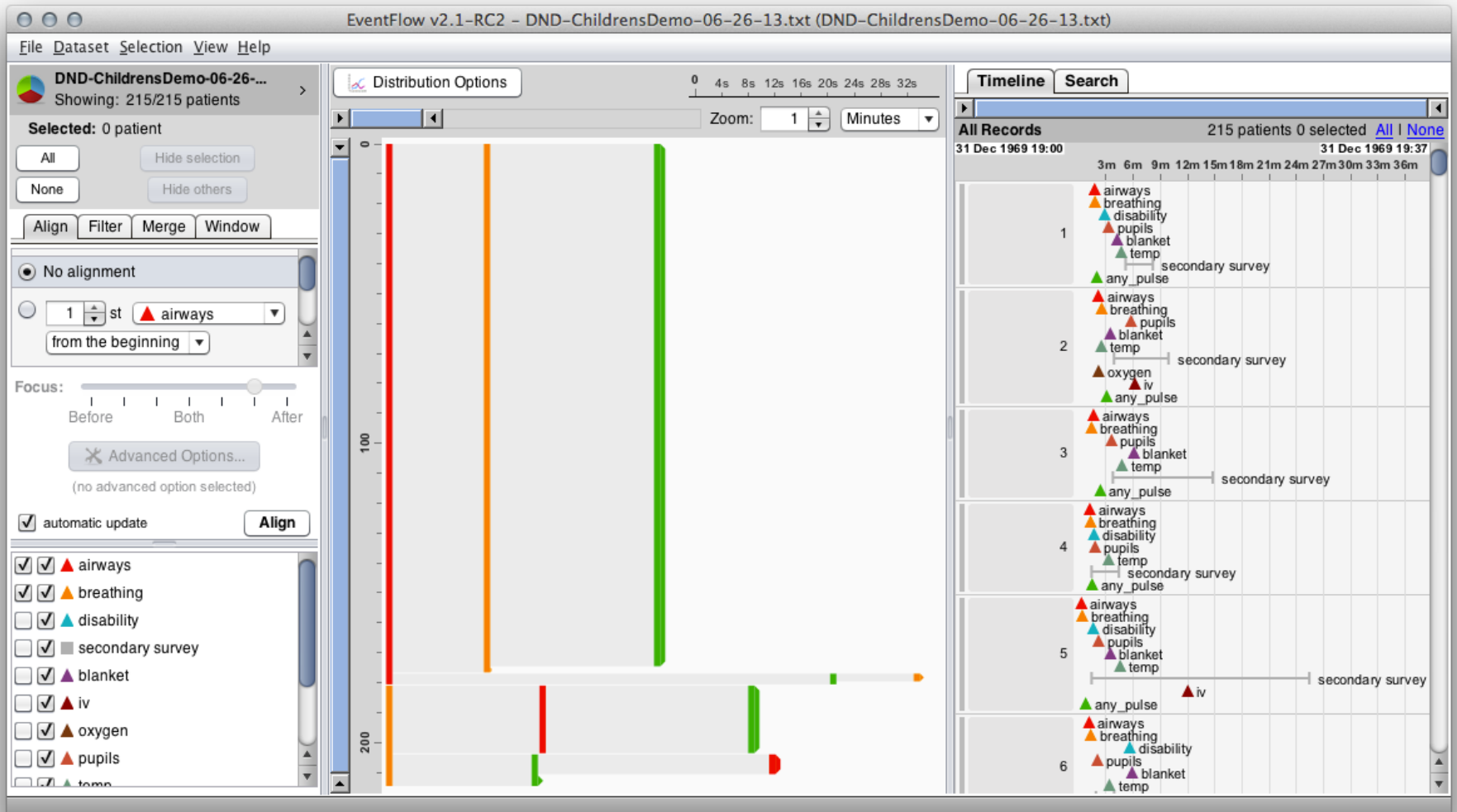
- Category Name: any\_pulse
- Sub-Categories: central pulse, distal pulse
- Other Categories: airways, breathing, disability, secondary survey, blanket, iv, oxygen, pupils, temp

The dialog box has 'Apply' and 'Cancel' buttons at the bottom right.

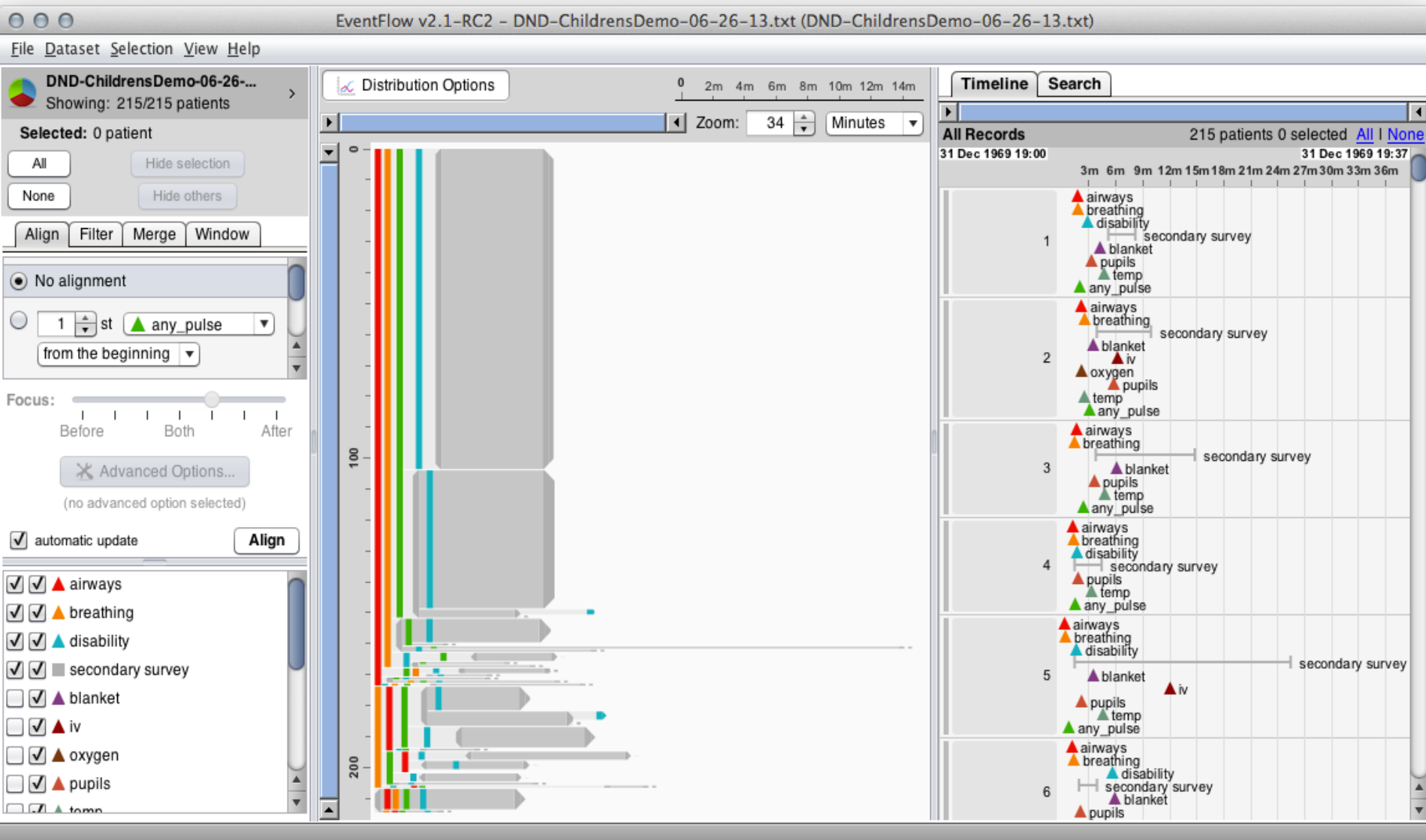
# Graphical search & replace to remove duplicates



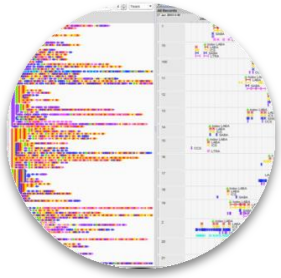
81% of the patients are treated in the correct order.  
The largest deviation is still the airway and breathing being out of order,  
but there are also instances where the circulation is checked too early.



Correct procedure only 48%  
+ description of the 27 variations



Carter, E., Burd, R., Monroe, M., Plaisant, C., Shneiderman, B.  
Using EventFlow to Analyze Task Performance During Trauma Resuscitation  
In Proceedings of the Workshop on Interactive Systems in Healthcare (WISH), 2013



Goal= How are asthma meds used?

15M US Army records

→ only 182,000 records with asthma diagnostic (~1%)

→ only the asthma medication events

Further reduction # of events and unique complete sequences by 33%

Extract from a database first

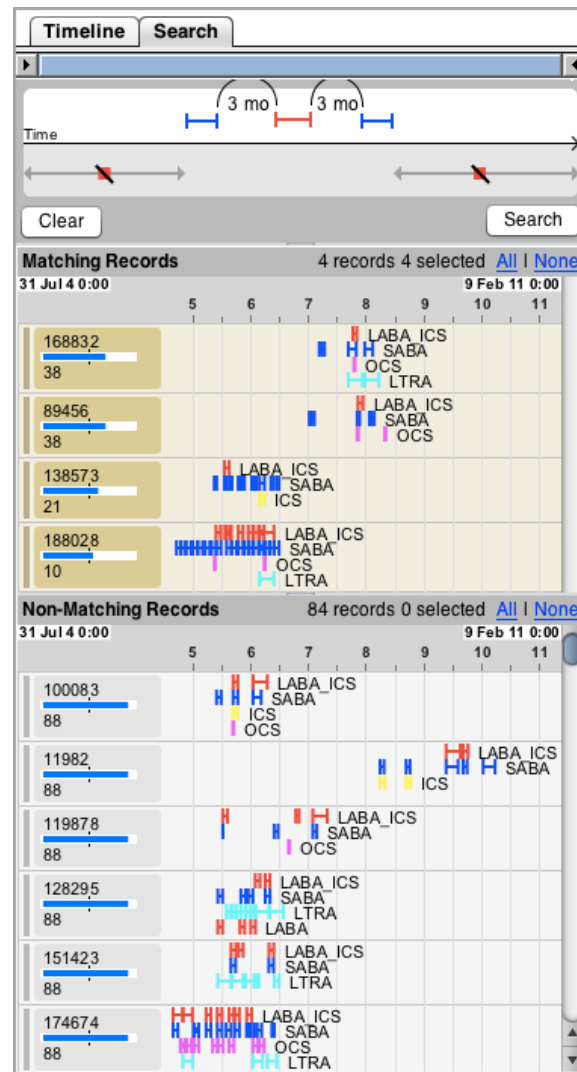
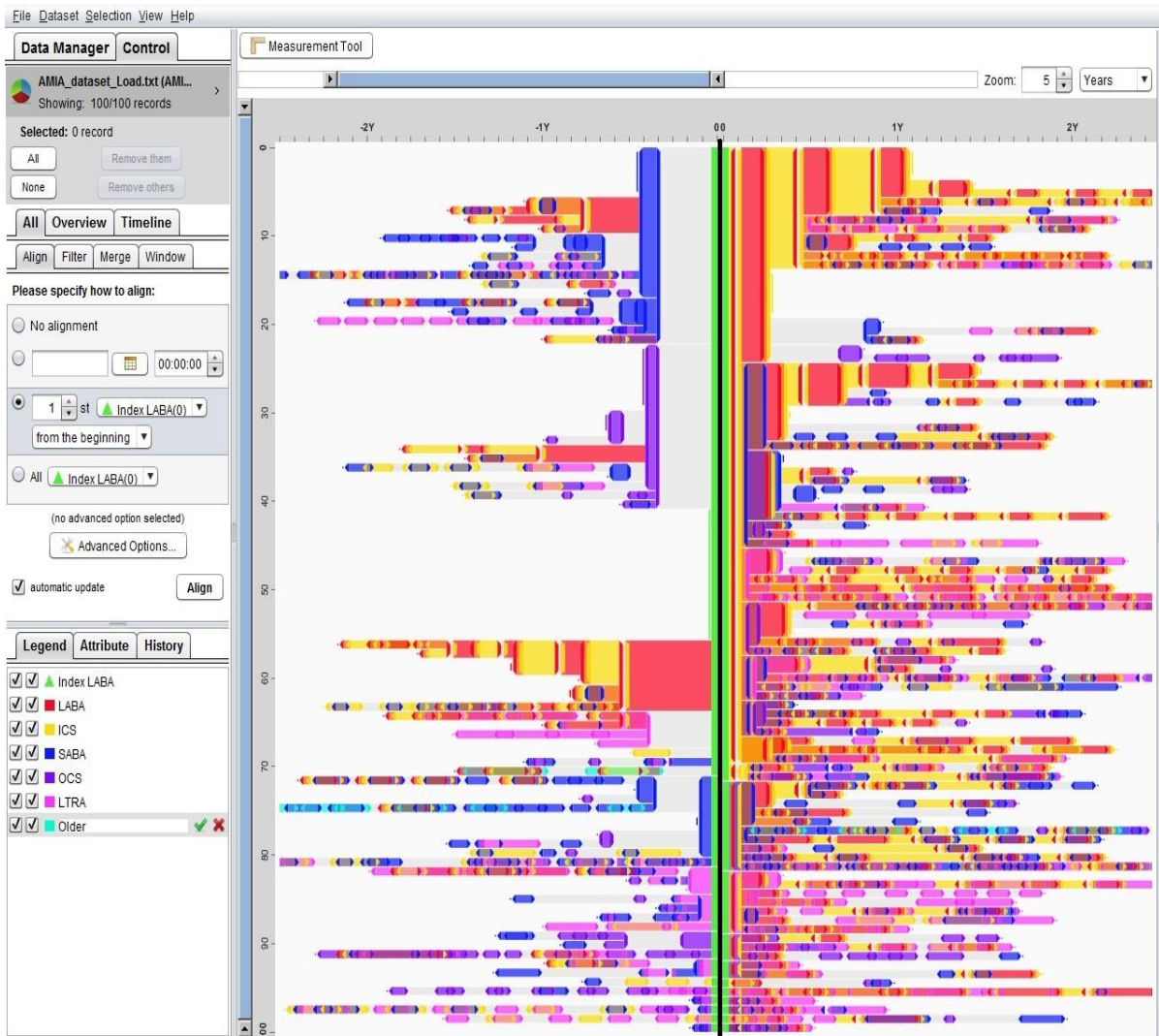
Interactively analyze sample within VA tool → strategy

Repeat with larger dataset



Another example

# Analysis of prescription patterns of asthma medication in collaboration with Army Pharmacovigilance Center



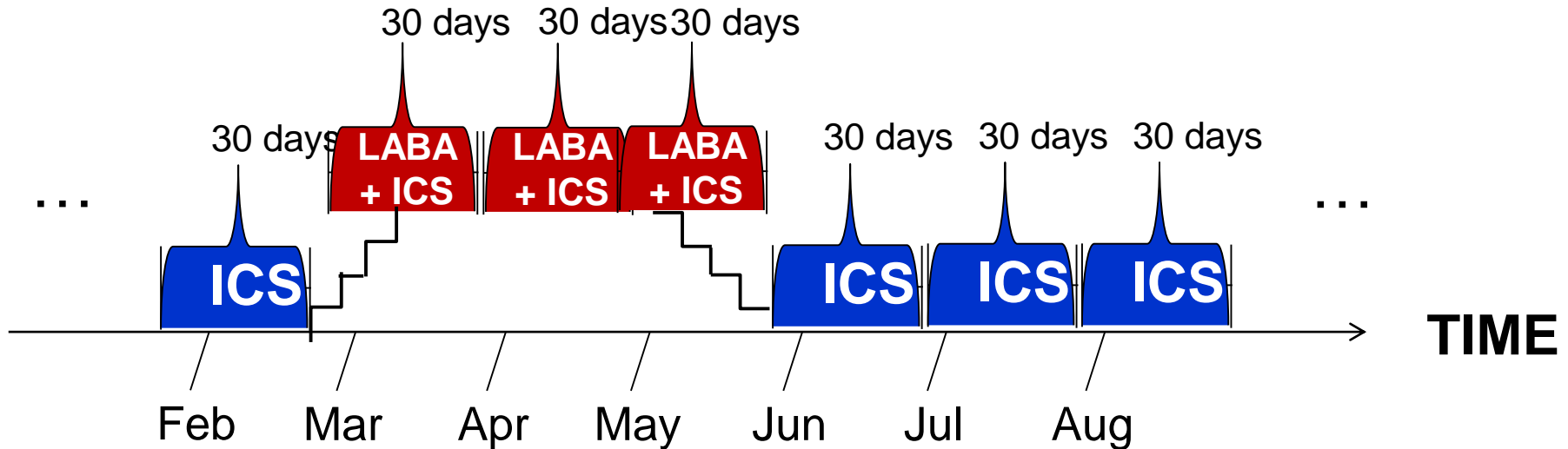
This case study is described in: <http://hci2.cs.umd.edu/trs/2014-26/2014-26.pdf>

Catherine Plaisant, Megan Monroe, Tamra Meyer, Ben Shneiderman

Interactive Visualization (a book chapter in *Big Data and Health Analytics*, Marconi, K. and Lehman, H. (Eds), CRC Press – Taylor and Francis, pp 243-262, 2014.



# Asthma Therapy Example



**PATIENT X**

## Acronyms

**ICS:** Inhaled Corticosteroid  
**LABA:** Long-acting Beta Agonist  
**LABA + ICS:** LABA combined with ICS

# Search and Replace: Identifying the Index LABA

Replace As...

### Replace Event Sequence

Search: Time

Replace:

New Sequence Name: <Index LABA>

Replace All  Replace: 1 st Match

Allow Overlap of Matched Sequences

Replace Insert Undo Cancel

Replace As...

### Replace Event Sequence

Search: Time

Replace:

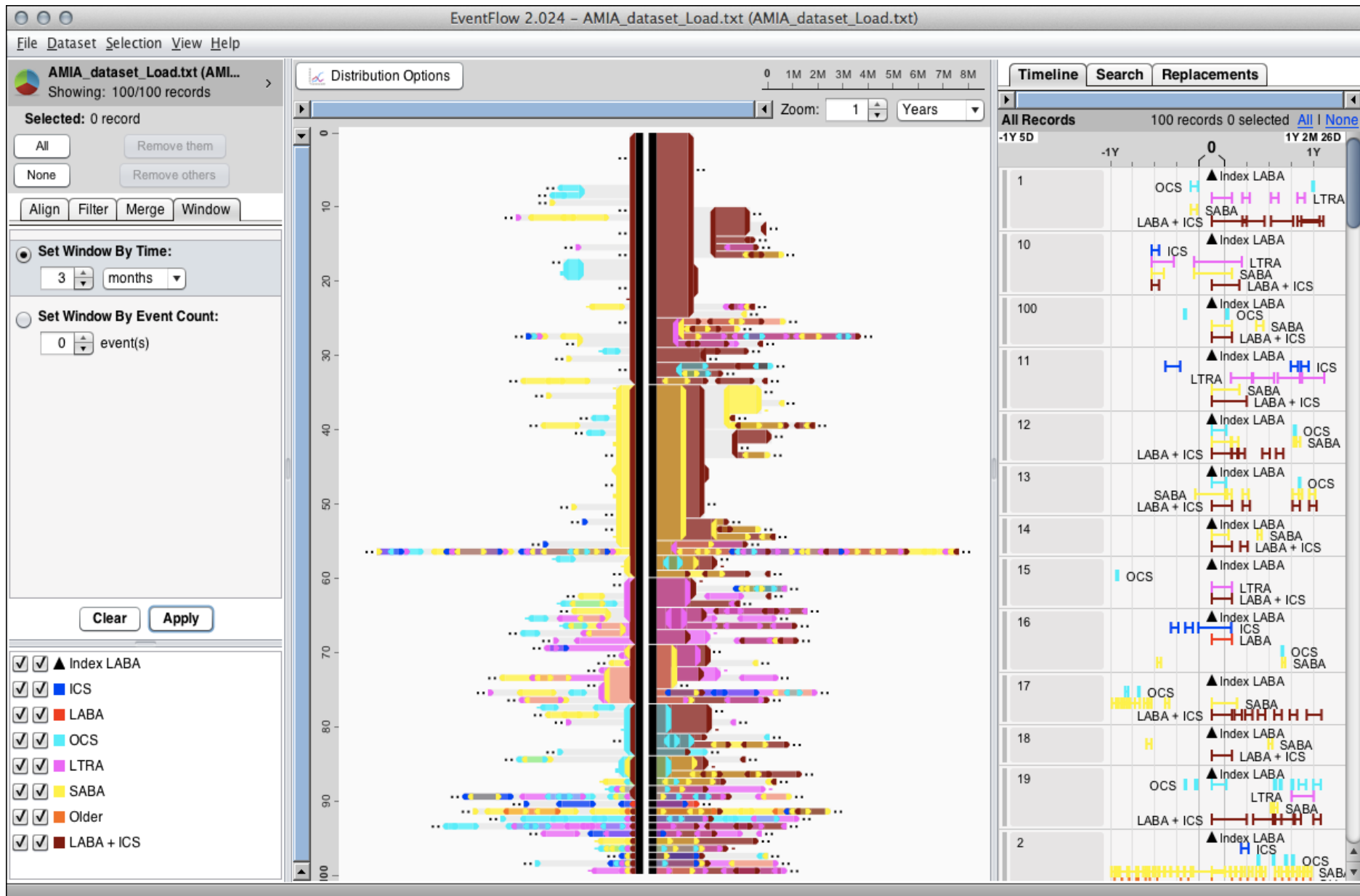
New Sequence Name: <Index LABA>

Replace All  Replace: 1 st Match

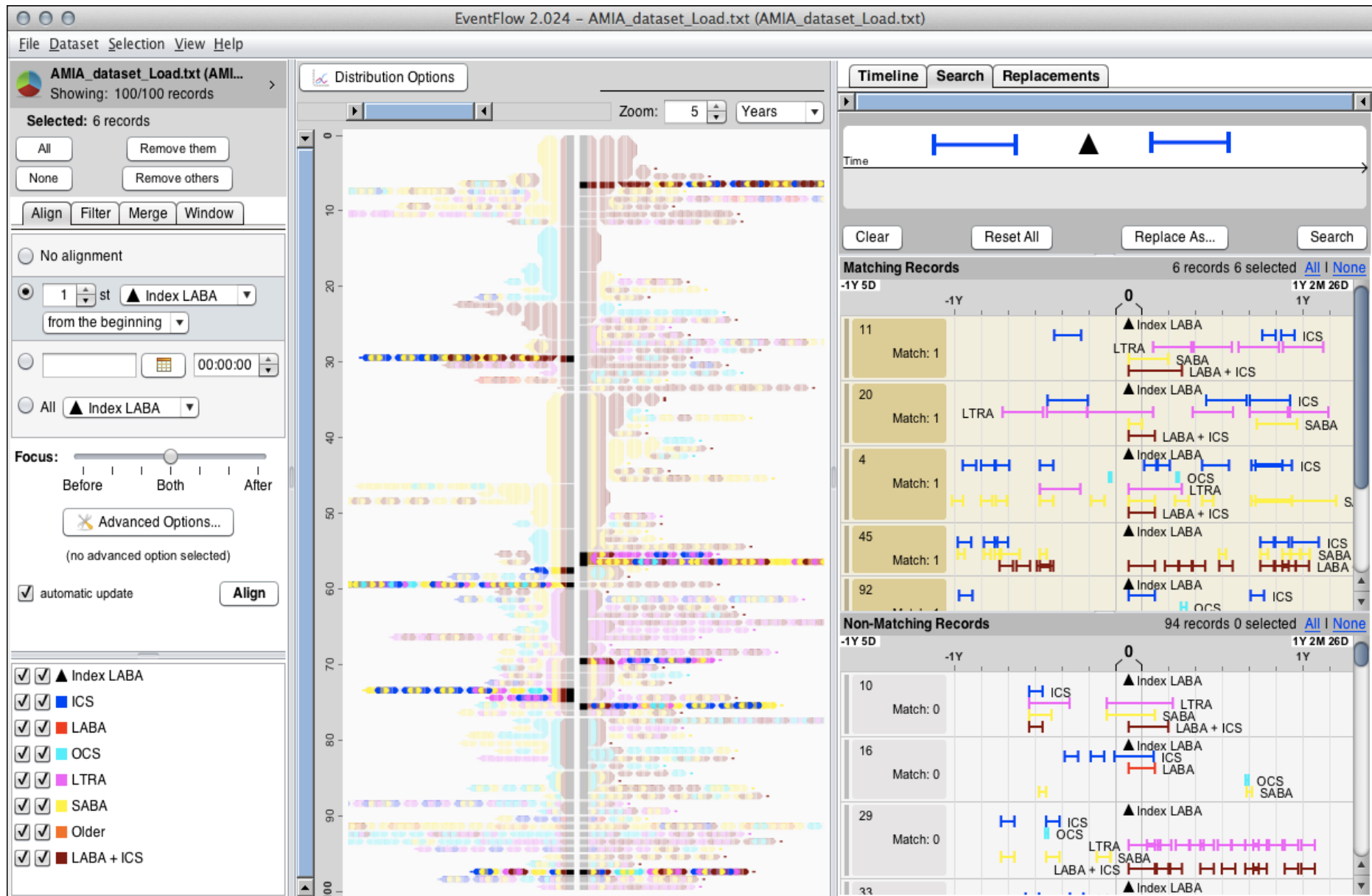
Allow Overlap of Matched Sequences

Replace Insert Undo Cancel

# Limit to the 3 Months Surrounding the Index LABA



# Find Patients with ICS Before and After LABA



From: Gigi Lipori

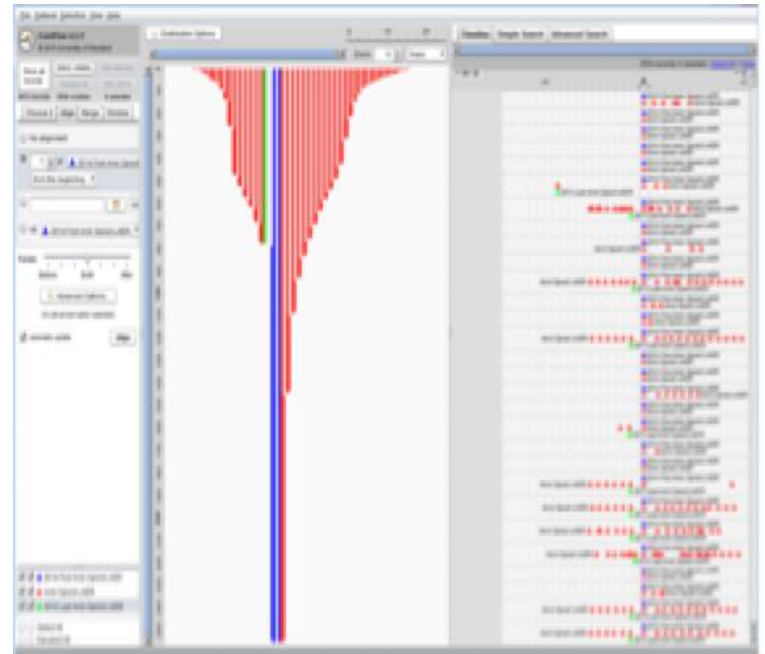
Date: Friday, April 24, 2015 at 11:45 AM

Got everything to work. **Worth its weight in gold (again).**

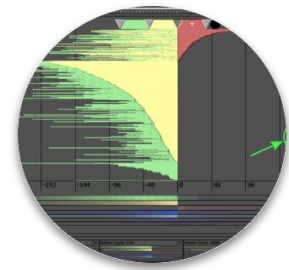
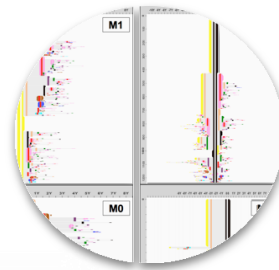
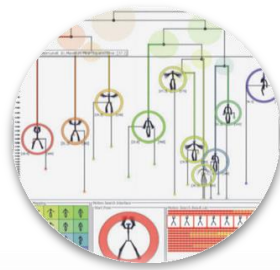
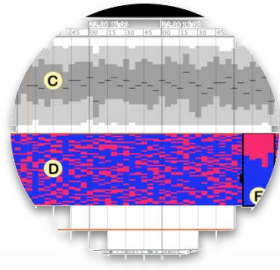
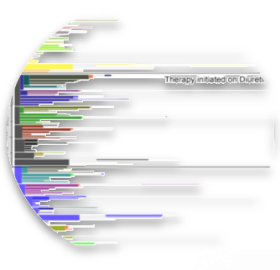
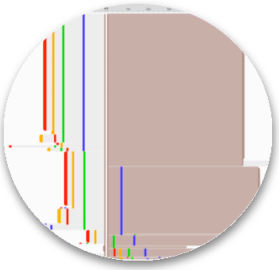
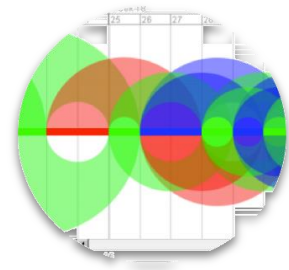
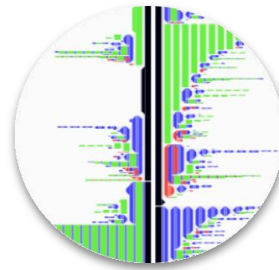
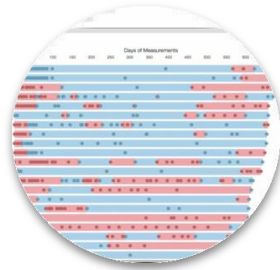
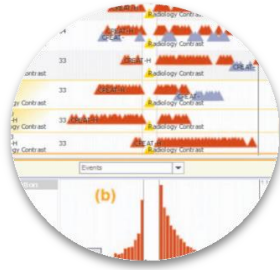
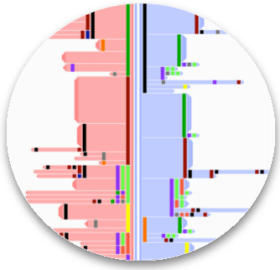
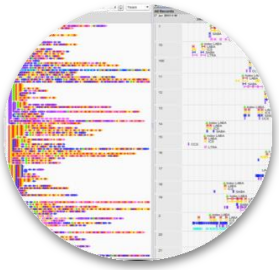
All are er/la opioid scripts

.../...

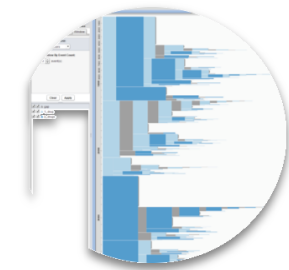
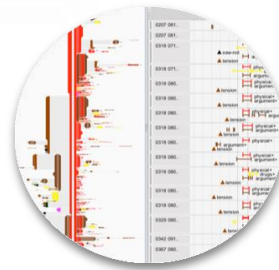
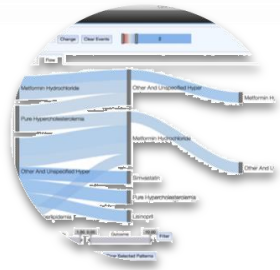
**That would be a pain in the neck to code up.**



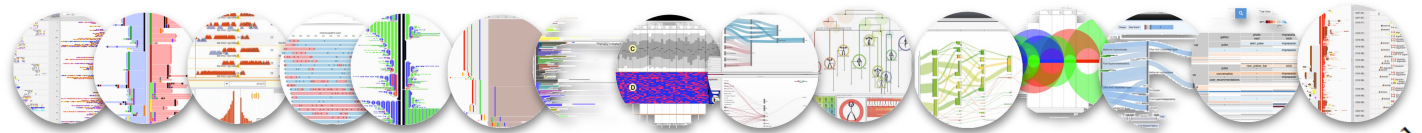




# 20 case studies



# 20 case studies



## 15 strategies

ASTHMA [38]    BASKETBALL [40]    CONTRAST [59]    DEVIATION [14]    DRUG [39]    EHR COHORTS [19]    EPILEPSY [39]    FOURSQUARE [45]    HEART [44]    HYPERTENSION [56]    LIVER [33]    LOG [39]    MEMuRY [32]    MOTION [12]    PROSTATE CANCER [43]    PROSTATE CANCER 2 [11]    TWITTER [62]    VIOLENCE [47]    WORKFLOW [39]

Strategy	ASTHMA [38]	BASKETBALL [40]	CONTRAST [59]	DEVIATION [14]	DRUG [39]	EHR COHORTS [19]	EPILEPSY [39]	FOURSQUARE [45]	HEART [44]	HYPERTENSION [56]	LIVER [33]	LOG [39]	MEMuRY [32]	MOTION [12]	PROSTATE CANCER [43]	PROSTATE CANCER 2 [11]	TWITTER [62]	VIOLENCE [47]	WORKFLOW [39]
<b>Extraction</b>	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•
S1: Goal-Driven Record Extracting	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•
S2: Goal-Driven Event Category Extracting			•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•
S3: Identifying Features Linked to Outcome						•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•
S4: Aligning	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•
S5: Temporal Windowing																			
S6: Selecting Milestone Events				•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•
S7: Random Sampling of Records						•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•
<b>Folding</b>	•			•															
S8: Temporal Folding		•	•				•	•			•		•				•		
<b>Pattern Simplification</b>	•			•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•
S9: Grouping Event Categories				•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•
S10: Coalescing Repeating Point Events into One				•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•
S11: Coalescing Repeating Interval Events into 1	•			•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•
S12: Converting Hidden Complex Events into 1	•			•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•
S13: Bucketing by Time Period				•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•
<b>Iteration</b>	•				•														
S14: Analyzing Small Subset then Larger One					•														
S15: Partitioning					•						•			•				•	



# Event Analytics

to:

**review** the data from individual records

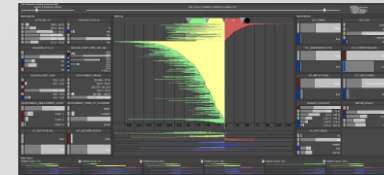
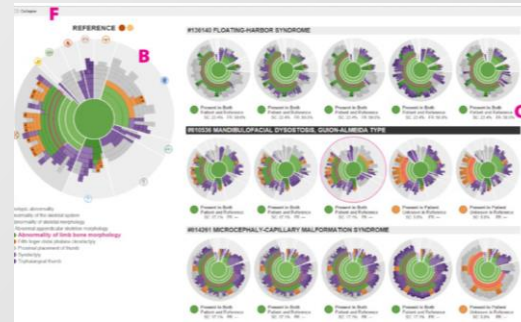
**search** for temporal patterns of interest

**summarize** all the event sequences

perform **data transformations**

**select cohorts** of interest for further studies

# Many other projects in event analytics



# Thank you

**Thank you to U. of Maryland colleagues**

Ben Shneiderman

Fan Du, Sana Malik

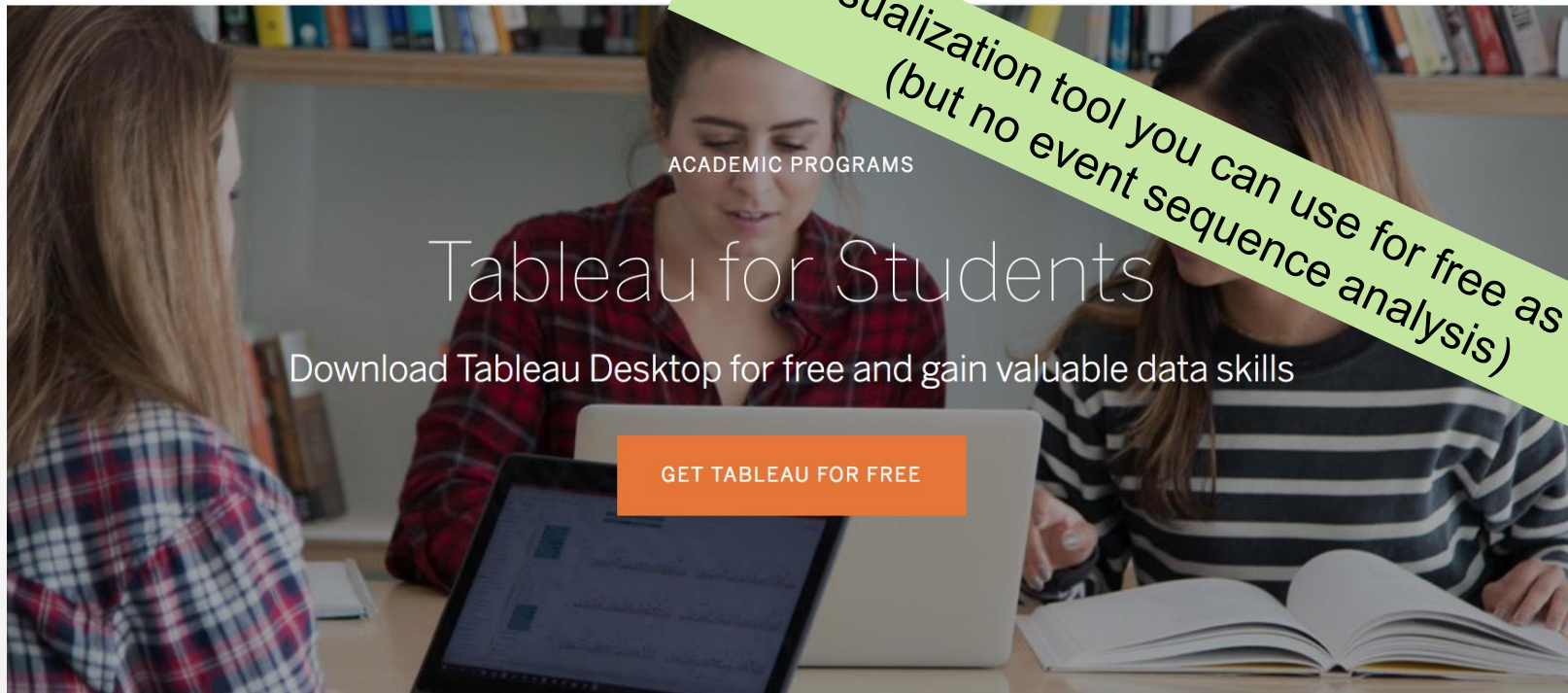
Megan Monroe, Krist Wongsuphasawat, David Wang

**+ all case study partners**



[hcil.umd.edu/eventflow](http://hcil.umd.edu/eventflow)

[plaisant@cs.umd.edu](mailto:plaisant@cs.umd.edu)



ACADEMIC PROGRAMS

# Tableau for Students

Download Tableau Desktop for free and gain valuable data skills

GET TABLEAU FOR FREE

Good visualization tool you can use for free as a student  
(but no event sequence analysis)

Tableau Desktop: Free to download, easy to use



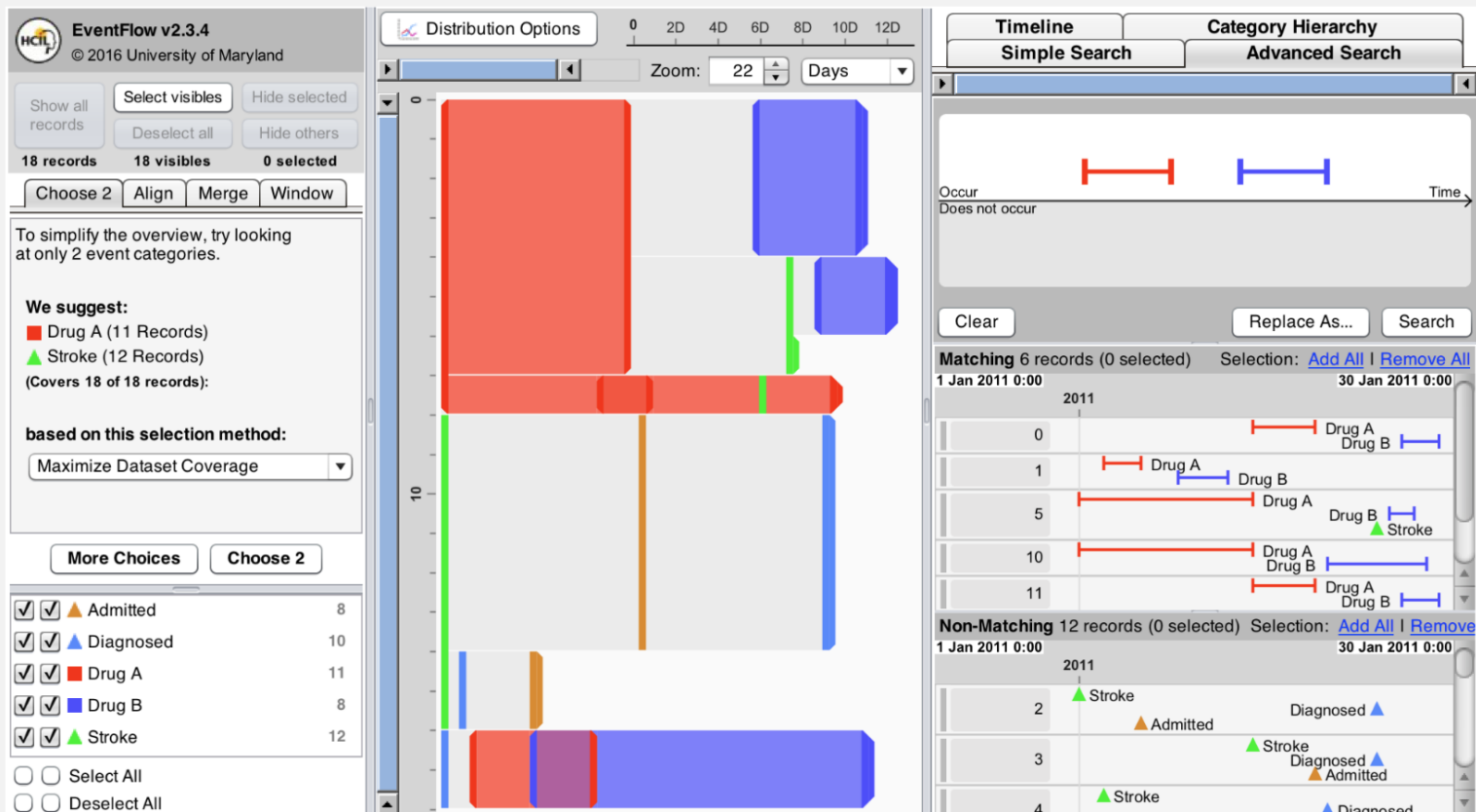
## Analysis at the speed of thought

See the drag-and-drop analytics solution built for speed and ease of use. Start building the analytical skills employers are looking for in today's data-driven workplace.



# EventFlow: Visual Analysis of Temporal Event Sequences and Advanced Strategies for Healthcare Discovery

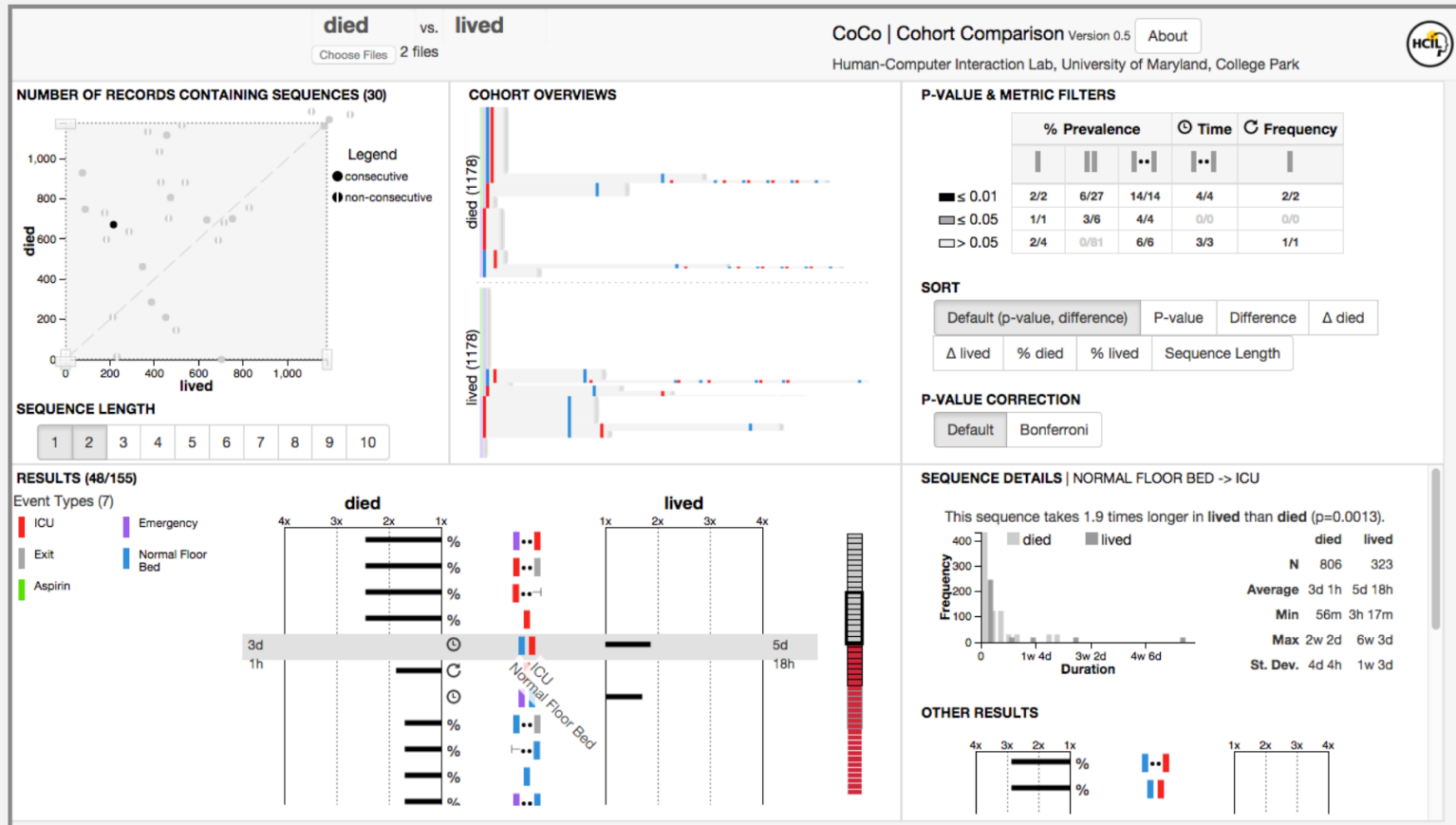
JUMP TO: [FEATURES](#) | [PARTICIPANTS](#) | [PRESENTATIONS](#) | [VIDEOS](#) | [DOWNLOAD & LICENSING](#) | [USER SUPPORT](#) | [PUBLICATIONS](#) | [PRESS](#) | [RELATED PROJECTS](#)





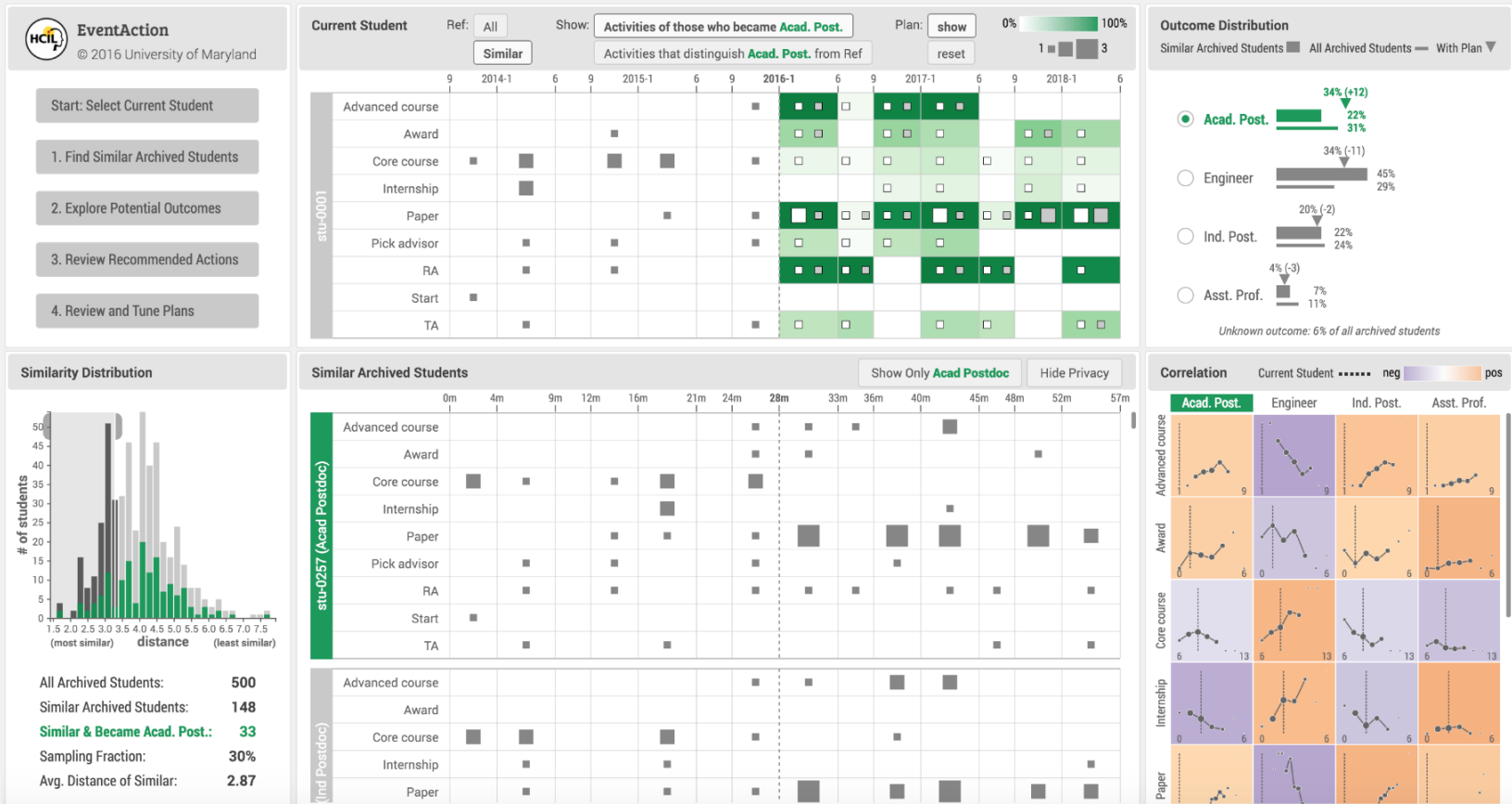
# CoCo: A Visual Analytics Tool for Comparing Cohorts of Event Sequences

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# EventAction: Visual Analytics for Temporal Event Sequence Recommendation



## SUMMARY

EventAction is a prescriptive analytics interface designed to **present and explain recommendations of temporal event sequences**. EventAction provides a visual analytics approach to (1) identify similar records, (2) explore potential outcomes, (3) review recommended temporal event sequences that might help achieve the users' goals, and (4) interactively assist users as they define a personalized action plan associated with a probability of success. EventAction's usage scenarios include student advising, treatment formulating, customer retention, and sports coaching.



# Thank you

## **Thank you to U. of Maryland colleagues**

Ben Shneiderman

Fan Du, Sana Malik

Megan Monroe, Krist Wongsuphasawat, David Wang

**+ all case study partners**



[hcil.umd.edu/eventflow](http://hcil.umd.edu/eventflow)

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